

The Hongkong Telegraph.

(ESTABLISHED 1881.)

NEW SERIES No. 8416

晚一廿月一十年二統宣

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1910.

四拜禮

號二十月二十年二統宣

\$36 PER ANNUM.
SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS.

Banks.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL—\$15,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS—
Sterling \$1,500,000 at 1/16—\$15,000,000
Silver \$1,500,000 at 1/16—\$15,000,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS—\$15,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS:
G. Balloch, Esq., Chairman.
Robert Shaw, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
F. H. Armstrong, Esq.,
Andrew Forbes, Esq.,
C. F. B. Smith, Esq.,
Hon. Mr. Henry Ker,
G. R. Lumsden, Esq.,
S. A. Levy, Esq.,
F. Lieb, Esq.,
W. Logan, Esq.,
G. H. Medhurst, Esq.,
H. A. Sells, Esq.,

CHIEF MANAGER:
Hongkong—J. R. M. SMITH.

MANAGER:
Shanghai—H. E. R. HUNTER;
LONDON BANKERS—LONDON COUNTY AND WESTMINSTER BANK, LIMITED.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED:
On Current Account at the rate of 3 per Cent per Annum on the daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:
For 3 months, 2 1/2 per Cent per Annum.
For 6 months, 3 per Cent per Annum.
For 12 months, 4 per Cent per Annum.
N. J. STABB,
Acting Chief Manager,
Hongkong, 28th September, 1910.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

(INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 18th)
HEAD OFFICE—LONDON.

PAID-UP CAPITAL—\$15,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS—\$15,000,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS—\$15,000,000

INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNT at the rate of 3 per Cent per Annum on the daily balance.
On Fixed Deposits for 12 months, 4 per Cent.

Hongkong, 28th April, 1910.

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

CAPITAL PAID-UP—Yen 10,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS—Yen 10,000,000

Head Office—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agents:
TOKIO, KOBÉ, OSAKA, NAGASAKI, LONDON, LYONS, NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, HONGKONG, BOMBAY, SHANGHAI, HANKOW, TIENTSIN, PEKIN, NEWCHANG, DALNY, PORT ARTHUR, ANTUNG, LIYANG, MUKDEN, TIE-LING, CHANG-CHUN.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED:
On Current Account at the rate of 3 per Cent per Annum on the daily balance.
On fixed deposit—
For 12 months 4 per Cent p.a.
For 6 months 3 1/2 per Cent p.a.
For 3 months 3 per Cent p.a.
TAKAO TAKAHASHI,
Manager,
Hongkong, 27th September, 1910.

DEUTSCH ASIATISCHE BANK.

CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP—\$1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS—BERLIN.

BRANCHES:
Berlin, Calcutta, Hankow, Kobe, Peking, Singapore, Tientsin, Tsingtao, Yokohama.

FOUNDED BY THE FOLLOWING BANKS AND BANKERS:
Koenigliche Seehandlung (Preussische Staatsbank),
Direction der Disconto-Gesellschaft,
S. Bleichroeder,
Berliner Handels-Gesellschaft,
Bank fur Handel und Industrie,
Robert Warshawsky & Co.,
Mendelssohn & Co.,
H. A. von Rothschild & Soehne,
Norddeutsche Bank in Hamburg, Hamburg,
Sal. Oppenheim Jr. & Co., Koeln,
Bayrische Hypothek und Wechselbank, Muenchen.

LONDON BANKERS:
Messrs. N. M. ROTHCHILD & SONS,
THE UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK, LIMITED,
DEUTSCHE BANK (BERLIN), LONDON BRANCH,
DIRECTION DER DISCONTO GESELLSCHAFT.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNT on terms which may be revised on application. Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. KULLMANN,
Acting Manager,
Hongkong, 1st March, 1910.

Banks.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed at 3 PER CENT per annum.

Depositors may transfer at their option balances of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 PER CENT per annum.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,
N. J. STABB,
Acting Chief Manager,
Hongkong, 18th July, 1910.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

CAPITAL PAID-UP—Gold \$3,250,000
RESERVE FUND—Gold \$3,250,000

Gold \$6,500,000
(about £1,300,000.)

HEAD OFFICE—60 Wall Street, New York.

LONDON OFFICE—Threadneedle House, E.C.

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.

NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND, LTD.

THE CAPITAL & COUNTIES BANK, LIMITED.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS ALL OVER THE WORLD.

THE Corporation transacts every description of Banking and Exchange Business, receives money on Current Account at the rate of 2 1/2 per Cent on the daily balance and accepts Fixed Deposits at the following rates—

For 12 months 4 per Cent per annum.

For 6 months 3 1/2 per Cent per annum.

For 3 months 3 per Cent per annum.

N. S. MARSHALL,
Manager,
No. 9, Queen's Road Central,
Hongkong, 26th September, 1910.

Insurance.

CHINA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

HEAD OFFICE, SHANGHAI.

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS:
Alexander McLeod, Esq., Chairman,
G. Stephenson, Esq.,
Lee Yung Shu, Esq.,
J. H. McMichael, Esq.,
G. R. Burkill, Esq.,
J. A. Wattie, Esq., Managing Director,
A. J. Hughes, Esq., Secretary,
S. E. Nell, Esq., F.I.A., Actuary.

A STRONG British Corporation Registered under Hongkong Ordinances and under Life Assurance Companies' Act, England.

Insurance in Force—\$27,555,885.00

Assets—\$415,250.00

Income for Year—\$506,550.00

Insurance Fund—\$216,813.00

LEFFERTS KNOX, Esq., Hongkong,
District Manager.

B. W. TAPE, Esq., Canton, Macao,
and the
District Secretary.

ALEXANDRA BUILDING.

C. LAWDER, Esq., Inspector, Hongkong.

ADVISORY BOARD, HONGKONG.
Sir Paul Chater, Kt., O.M.G.,
T. F. Hough, Esq.,
G. J. Laurence, Esq.,
Hongkong, 26th July, 1910.

Hotel.

GRAND HOTEL.

A FIRST-CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE HOTEL.

ENTIRELY UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

THIS Hotel has recently been thoroughly renovated and extensively enlarged and is now luxuriously furnished and up-to-date in every respect. Situated in the most central position. Large and airy Rooms. Hot, Cold, and Shower Baths. Gas and Electric Lights and Fans. Large and comfortable Lounge. Private and Public Bars and Billiard Rooms. CUISINE ENTIRELY UNDER EUROPEAN SUPERVISION. Sanitary Arrangements of the latest. HOTEL LAUNCH MEETS ALL STEAMERS. Monthly Rates for Single and Double. Special Rates for married families on application to

J. H. OXBERRY,
Manager.

FREDERICK REICHMANN,
Late Manager of J. H. LYONS (Trocadero),
leading Caterers in London, and
GRAND ORIENTAL HOTEL, Colombo.

Telephone No. 197.

Telegraphic Address "Comfon" Hongkong.

Hongkong, 1st December, 1910.

Marine.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

WILL dispatch VESSELS to the Undermentioned PORTS on or about the DATES named—

FOR SHANGHAI—VESSELS TO SAIL ON REMARKS.

SHANGHAI—DEVANHA, Capt. H. Powell, Daylight, 23rd Dec. Freight and Passage.

LONDON, &c., via usual Ports—L. E. S. Spicer, R.M.E., Noon, 24th Dec. Sea Special Advertisement.

LONDON AND ANTWERP via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, PORT SAID, and SEYDIESS—SOMALI, Capt. A. G. Cubitt, R.N.R., About 28th Dec. Freight and Passage.

SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE, NUDIA, and YOKOHAMA—Capt. F. J. Fox, About 30th Dec. Freight and Passage.

LONDON AND ANTWERP via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, and PORT SAID—OSLYON, Capt. A. E. A. Baker, About 2nd Jan. Freight only.

For Further Particulars, apply to E. A. HEWETT, Superintendent.

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office, Hongkong, 22nd December, 1910.

Intimations.

THE BIYOU SCENIC THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT. TO-NIGHT.

CHANGING PICTURES TWICE WEEKLY.

Every Night at 7.00 and 9.00 o'clock.

MATINEES SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS, AT 4 P.M.

TO-NIGHT VAUDEVILLE TURNS TO-NIGHT

at 9 p.m. 2 NEW ARTISTS 3 at 9 p.m.

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Shipping—Steamers.

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO

AND

WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF

THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

HONGKONG TO CANTON: MONDAY, 19th December. 8.00 A.M. HONGAM, 8.00 A.M. KINSHAM, 10.00 P.M. KINSHAM, 5.15 P.M. FATSHAM.

CANTON TO HONGKONG: THURSDAY, 22nd December. 8.00 A.M. HONGAM, 8.00 A.M. KINSHAM, 10.00 P.M. KINSHAM, 5.15 P.M. FATSHAM.

HONGKONG TO CANTON: TUESDAY, 20th December. 8.00 A.M. HONGAM, 8.00 A.M. KINSHAM, 10.00 P.M. KINSHAM, 5.15 P.M. FATSHAM.

CANTON TO HONGKONG: FRIDAY, 23rd December. 8.00 A.M. HONGAM, 8.00 A.M. KINSHAM, 10.00 P.M. KINSHAM, 5.15 P.M. FATSHAM.

HONGKONG TO CANTON: WEDNESDAY, 21st December. 8.00 A.M. HONGAM, 8.00 A.M. KINSHAM, 10.00 P.M. KINSHAM, 5.15 P.M. FATSHAM.

CANTON TO HONGKONG: SUNDAY, 18th December. 8.00 A.M. HONGAM, 8.00 A.M. KINSHAM, 10.00 P.M. KINSHAM, 5.15 P.M. FATSHAM.

On and after the 1st January the Saloon Fare will be reduced to \$6 Hongkong Currency.

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "SUI-TAI" 1,265 Tons and "SUI-AN" 1,265 Tons.

Departures from Hongkong to Macao on week days at 8 A.M. and at 2 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

Departures from Macao to Hongkong on week days at 7.30 A.M. and at 2 P.M.

On SUNDAY, the 25th DECEMBER, 1910.

The Company's Steamship "SUI AN,"

will depart from the COMPANY'S WING LOK STREET WHARF at 9 A.M. and return from Macao at 4 P.M.

FARES:

1st Class Return \$7, Single \$4.50; 2nd Class Return \$4.00, Single 2.50 cts.

N.B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at 7.30 A.M. and from Hongkong at 1 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

Further Particulars may be obtained at the Office of the Company.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "HOI SANG," 457 Tons

Departures from MACAO to CANTON on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 P.M. (Subject to change according to state of the tide).

Departures from CANTON to MACAO on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 4.30 P.M.

When planning your trip to any of the above places it would be as well to call at the Office of the Hongkong, Canton and Macao Steamboat Company, Hotel Mansions, First Floor, and talk matters over with a representative of the Company, who will be glad to quote fares and assist in arranging a trip that will be most pleasant. Illustrated and Descriptive Handbooks, Failing Lists, Time-tables, &c., can be obtained on application to the

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.,

HOTEL MANSIONS

(Opposite the Hongkong Hotel and Blake Pier)

Hongkong.

Hotels.

HONGKONG HOTEL

FIRST CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE.

Hongkong, 5th February, 1909.

A. F. DAVIES,
Manager.

ROLLER SKATING RINK

AT THE

BELLE VIEW HOTEL,

SHAUKIWAN ROAD,

Telephone No. 907.

DAILY SESSIONS 10 A.M. to 12 Noon and 2 P.M. to 4 P.M. Admission 25 cents; and 5 P.M. to 8 P.M. and 9 P.M. to 11 P.M. Admission 50 cents.

Season Tickets \$1 each per month.

Ice Drinks, Best Brands of Liquors served at tables on the Lawn or private Verandahs.

Meals a la carte at all hours.

Dining Rooms can be reserved by application to the Manager.

A String Band will play every WEDNESDAY and SUNDAY from 5 p.m. to 11 p.m.

A Special Car leaves the rink at 11.15 p.m. every night and runs up to the Hongkong Hotel.

W. GALLAGHER,

Manager.

Hongkong, 24th November, 1910.

WEARING POINTS

are the best

SELLING POINTS.

On its wearing points alone the

REMINGTON

TYPEWRITER,

outsells every other writing

machine.

SIEMSEN & CO.,

Sole General Agents for

HONGKONG, CANTON & SOUTH CHINA AND FORMOSA.



Mails.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

BREMEN.

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINES.

For STEAMERS TO SAIL ON

NAPLES, GENOA, ALGIERS, "PRINZ LUDWIG" WEDNESDAY,
GIBRALTAR, SOUTHAMPTON, Capt. F. v. Bismarck (T. 18,350) 23rd Dec, at Noon.
ANTWERP and HAMBURG

SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE "BULO" About WEDNESDAY,
and YOKOHAMA Capt. H. Formet (T. 10,950) 25th Dec.

MANILA, YAP, MARONN, NEW- "COBLENZ" SATURDAY,
GUINEA, SAMARAI, BRISBANE, Capt. H. Rogener (T. 6,750) 31st Dec, at Daylight.
SYDNEY and MELBOURNE

KOBE and YOKOHAMA "PRINZ WALDEMAR" About TUESDAY,
Capt. F. Isacks (T. 6,100) 10th January.

All the steamers of the European Line are fitted with Wireless Telegraphic. New System of
Telefunken.

For further Particulars, apply to

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

MELCHERS & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 17th December, 1910.

To Let.

TO LET.

A HOUSE in KNUTSFORD TERRACE.
Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT & AGENCY CO., LD.
Hongkong, 8th November, 1910. [704]

TO LET.

21, CONDUIT RD., CLIFTON GARDENS.
1 & 2, BOWEN ROAD, lately occupied as
Artillery Officer's Quarters. Suitable
for Boarding House.
GODOWNS, 151 to 155, PRAYA EAST.
OFFICES, No. 2, CONNAUGHT ROAD,
2nd Floor.
A HOUSE in WONG-MEI-CHONG ROAD,
OFFICES in YORK BUILDING,
No. 10, DES VUEX ROAD CENTRAL,
1st Floor.
SEMI-EUROPEAN FLATS, Praya East
corner of Observation Place. The
Tram stop at the door.
Also NEW EUROPEAN FLATS ad-
joining the new Seaman's Institute,
Praya East.

Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT & AGENCY CO., LD.
Hongkong, 2nd November, 1910. [59]

TO LET.

2, DUNDAS ST., DUNDAS STREET.
Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT & AGENCY CO., LD.
Hongkong, 1st July, 1910. [6]

Intimation

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY LIMITED.

TIME TABLE

WEEK DAYS

7.00 a.m.
17.30 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 2.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
2.45 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
4.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
5.30 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.

NIGHT CARS

5.45 p.m. and 9 p.m. 9.45 p.m. to 11.15 p.m.
every half hour.

SUNDAYS

8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon Every 15 minutes.
12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 2.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
2.00 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
3.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
4.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.

NIGHT CARS

Extra cars at 9.15 p.m., 11.30 p.m., and
11.45 p.m.

SPECIAL CARS by Arrangement at the
Company's Office, ALEXANDRA BUILDING,
Des Voeux Road Central.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 1st April 1911.

Intimations.

GENTLEMEN,
WE HAVE SOMETHING TO
SUIT YOU!

JUST ARRIVED, a wide range of New
Fashionable Suit length pieces of 3/4 yds.
—double width.

Pyjama Suits, Woollen, Flannel
and Flannelette.

Silk Scarves, assorted colours;
Scarf Pins, rolled gold and gold
plated. Dress Neck Ties, White
and Black.

HOOSAIN-ALI & CO.,
No. 11, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL
Hongkong, 15th November, 1910. [682]

OSMAN & CASUM,

1 & 3, D'AGUILAR STREET.

JUST UNPAKED

Ladies' Trimmed and Untrimmed
HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS
& FEATHERS.

MUSLIN and FIGURED VOILES.

LACE and EMBROIDERIES a specialty.

TABLE LINENS, SERVIETTES and
HOUSEHOLD LINENS.

Samples on application.

Coast Port Orders carefully
executed

Hongkong, 5th September, 1909. [145]

LEE YEE

HAIR DRESSING SALOON.

HAS ALWAYS ON HAND

CIGARS, CIGARETTES

AND

TOILET REQUISITES

FOR SALE.

15, D'AGUILAR STREET,
HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 1st September, 1909.

Intimations.

THE YOKOHAMA DOCK CO., LTD.

Telegraphic Address:—"DOCK," Yokohama.

Codes used:—A.B.C. 4th, 5th Edition, Lieber's, Scott's, A.I., and
Watkin's.

DRY DOCK DEPARTMENT.—Telephones: Nos. 376, 506, or 681.

No. 1 DOCK.

Docking Length 515 ft.
Width of Entrance 80 ft.
Water on Blocks 18 ft.

No. 2 DOCK.

Docking Length 376 ft.
Width of Entrance 50 ft.
Water on Blocks 16 ft.

No. 3 DOCK.

Docking Length 481 ft.
Width of Entrance 63 ft.
Water on Blocks 17 ft.

Mooring basin 600 feet x 100 feet x 15 feet deep.

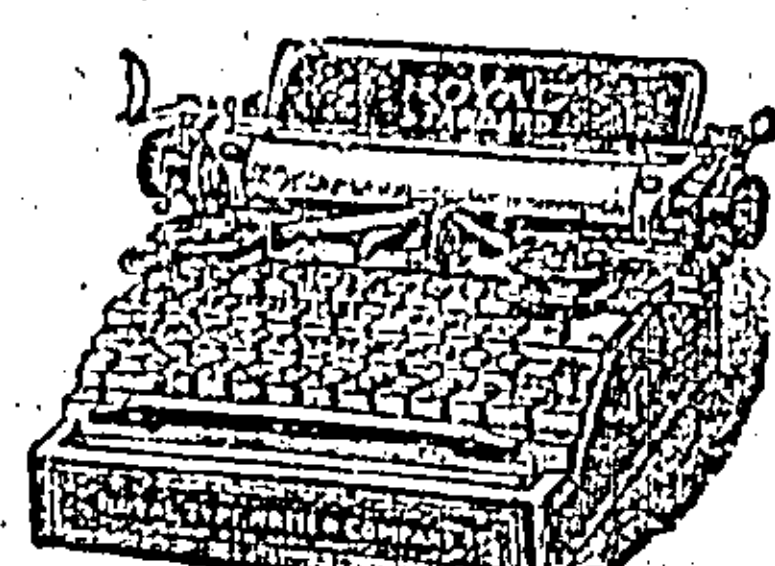
EVERY description of repair work is undertaken. A large assortment of material including
tail shafts are kept in stock. Two powerful tow boats, floating derrick to lift 45 tons
pneumatic, electric, hydraulic plants, etc. Manufacturers of engines, boilers, tugs, lighters
constructional steel work, etc. Tenders on short notice by letter or cable.

WAREHOUSE DEPARTMENT:—

Telephones: Midoricho Office 533, or 575, Irfancho Office 1332, Takashimacho
Office 291, or 205, Otsunouchi Office 2152.

106 buildings, principally of brick and steel, 358 entrances. 13 buildings are private
bonded warehouses. Floor area 73,341 square yards or 15.45 acres. Direct water frontage of
2.36 miles in length, part having a depth of 25 feet at low water, suitable for steamers dis-
charging direct into warehouses. Railway siding with direct connection to the Government
railways. Use of 45 ton derrick, tugs, launchers, etc. Customhouse brokerage and insurance
undertaken. Rates moderate.

Yokohama, October 18th, 1910.



FREE TRIAL.

TRY THE

ROYAL STANDARD

TYPEWRITER

(VISIBLE)

Cost \$165 Little, Last Long. Will

Always Give Satisfaction.

PHONE No. 482 and the machine

will be at your office for free trial.

Repair to any Make of

TYPEWRITERS.

GRAMAPHONES.

AND

SEWING MACHINES.

A Specialty. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

MOTOR CARS, BICYCLES and

TYPEWRITERS

FOR HIRE.

DRAGON CYCLE

DEPOT

61, DES VUEX ROAD.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY

LIMITED.

PORTLAND CEMENT.

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.,

General Managers.

Hongkong, 18th August, 1910.

THE
CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN AND
MORTGAGE CO., LD.

(CAPITAL PAID UP \$1,350,000)

Loans on Mortgage of House Property, &c.
Goods received on Storage.
Advances made on Merchandise.
Loans made on the Provident System.
(Rates and Particulars on Application).

THE OFFICE OF
TRUSTEE, EXECUTOR OF WILLS,
ATTORNEY, &c.,
Underwritten and Executed.
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 10th March, 1908. [14]

F. BLACKHEAD & Co.,

SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAILMAKERS,
COAL AND PROVISION MERCHANTS, NAVAL CONTRACTORS
AND GENERAL COMMISSION
AGENTS,
GROUND FLOOR,
ST. GEORGE'S BUILDING,
HONGKONG,
SOAP AND SODA MANUFACTURERS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR
HARTMANN'S RAUHEN'S GENUINE
COMPOSITION RHD HAND
BRAND, HARTMANN'S GRAY PAINT
DAIMLER'S PATENT MOTOR
LAUNCHES,
&c., &c., &c.

Sole Agents for
FERGUSON'S SPECIAL OIL
and
F. & O. SPECIAL LIQUOR SCOTCH
WHISKY, &c.

ALWAYS IN STOCK

AT

REASONABLE PRICES.

EVERY KIND OF

SHIP'S STORES AND REQUISITES

Wholesale and Retail.

THE BRITISH-FOREIGN IMPORT & EXPORT COMPANY, Central Building,

Liverpool, England, is prepared to
receive Consignments of Local Produce on
best terms.

LAU PING KEE.

DEALER IN

USED POSTAGE STAMPS

AND

PICTORIAL POST CARDS.

HAS also a Large Assortment of XMAS

and NEW YEAR CARDS in Stock.

Prices Moderate.

MONEY CHANGER.

[No. 10, Queen's Road Central,

Hongkong, 3rd November, 1910. [687]

HUNG ON & CO.,

SHOW ROOM AND STORE

at the Premises formerly occupied by

A. CHEE & CO.,

17A, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

GENERAL UPHOLSTERERS AND

FURNITURE

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS.

CROCKERY, Cutlery, Electro and Silver

Plated, Glass and Jewellery of all

descriptions, always on hand, for sale or on

hire at moderate rates.

Hongkong, 1st June, 1910.

RUBBER ESTATE RETURNS.

Oct. Nov. Jan.-Nov.

Allagar	8,515	8,850	31,877
Alor Pongsu	2,961		15,118
Alor Gajah		370	1,072
Alma	1,203	1,100	7,350
Anglo-Malay	6,759		5,477
Ayer Kuning	401		2,586
Ayer Molek	1,073		18,838
Ayer Panas	1,265	2,100	7,705
Balgownie	8,481	9,919	91,877
Batak Rabbil	1,718		5,503
Batang	4,810		24,127
Batu Caves	15,572		119,612
Batu Tiga		11,251	75,122
Bernam	1,700	1,500	2,600
Bertam			83,893
Bikam	3,335		20,101
Brieh	178		7,610
Bukit Kajang	5,664	7,833	48,191
Bukit Rajah			308,965
Bukit Lintang	4,757	6,100	40,820
Bukit Timah	1,357	1,246	6,574
Bukit K. B.	691		2,995
Bukit Chelata	4,000		4,000
Carey United	10,350	10,150	107,050
Castlefield			31,108
Changkat Serdang	2,955		29,544
Changkat Salak	2,314	1,919	11,311
Cheong	915	1,100	3,045
Cicely	15,126	15,388	124,745
Consolidated Malay			19,920
Caledonia	23,641		202,818
Chumor			8,774
Chersonese	2,312	3,612	16,554
Chota	503	1,410	2,000
Damansara			258,100
D. Minion	410	915	1,355
Edinburgh	8,000		61,950
Federated (Selang.)			91,318
F.M.S. Rubber	24,670	35,950	454,482
Geelong			117,100
Glennally	2,024	2,132	19,197
Glenshiel	5,317	6,016	40,816
Golden Hope	8,517		60,809
Golconda			101,416
Gula Kalampong	12,000		31,800
Hal Kee	617		3,130
Harpenden	12,512	11,103	8,645
Haytor	608	114	2,118
Heawood	1,374		6,501
High & Lowlands	4,353	49,477	459,573
Inch Kenneth	16,269	17,447	146,301
Indragiri	785		4,661
Jimbah	450		552
Jugra			60,583
Johore	23,850		186,250
Kapar Fara			97,816
Kamuning	9,802	10,562	147,972
Kempsey			27,134
Kepong	5,250		31,639
Klebang	359	413	1,421
Kota Tinggi	50		4,098
Kuala Klang			16,592
Kurau	3,207		13,765
Krian Rub. Est.	4,103		29,354
Kuala Lumpur	54,510		455,756
Kuala Selangor	7,002		7,002
Labu	20,102	20,128	181,488
Landron	28,415	19,616	339,918
Ledbury	10,883	12,310	121,761
Linggi	8,000	8,000	751,500
London Asiatic	20,777		131,165
Malaka Plnd	512		1,194
Malacca Plant	35,000		255,000
Mandal Tekong	720	937	2,361
Merton	2,434	2,435	16,741
New Serendah	731		2,354
New Singapore	80	120	420
North Hummock			41,018
Nova Scotia			81,405
Padang Jawa	920		920
Pajam	3,000	4,420	29,700
Paatal		379	1,191
Pattaling	30,620		205,141
Pegoh	5,571	6,009	47,000
Pengkalan Duriat	585	1,405	5,214
Perak Plant			98,688
Port Dickson	1,150	1,653	8,131
Radella	1,434	1,712	11,415
Remba	1,415	1,618	9,931
Ribu Rabbet	7,017		54,553
Rubans	21,750		131,779
Rutan	2,500	2,750	16,854
River Growers Assn.	3,907		55,430
St. Helena	170	260	1,165
Sengat	9,200	9,017	72,778
Selaba	9,000		58,108
Sungai Choh	4,550		41,047
Sungai Kapar			120,256
Sandycroft	10,469	10,135	87,706
Seaford			135,504
Selangor			257,799
Seremban	24,387		315,161
Sembawang	838	941	3,587
Senawang	8,168	9,858	61,741
Shelford	10,000	11,000	10,101
S'pore & Johore	14,411	15,641	116,007
Singapore Para	5,250	4,250	53,825
Strait Rubber	44,150		242,030
Sungai Salak	5,035		16,640
Sungai Way	10,118		47,969
Sungai Ulu	1,889		6,668
Seaport	870		2,616
Tambalak	970		4,185
Tanjong Malim	800	1,702	5,010
Telok Anson	1,052		6,188
Tali Ayer	14,483		107,323
Trafalgar	318		8,661
Tremelby			31,861
Ulu Pasing	530		2,888
Ulu Pasing	530	574	2,888
United Singapore	2,228	2,169	15,247
United Sumatra		5,403	41,111

Intimation.

Wm. Powell, Ltd.,

Alexandra

Buildings.

NOW SHOWING

NEW

AUTUMN.

GOODS...

LADIES'...

COSTUMES.

COATS...

EVENING

CLOAKS...

A

LARGE VARIETY

OF

CHILDREN'S

HATS,

COATS,

SHOES,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

WM. POWELL, LTD.

Alexandra

Buildings.

Perpetual, 1st November, 1910

THE CULT OF RUDENESS.

[From the Woman's Supplement of "The Times"]

Time was when the question of how to avoid being rude was the subject of much anxious discussion. With every wish to escape it, it was difficult to be entirely timeless. It was agreed that on all hands were pitiful and that if guards of tact and self-abandonment should be warily strengthened; but no one suggested that we should have no wish to avoid the pitfalls, but rather take delight in plunging into them.

We have changed all that, however. To be able to be adequately rude is the highest mark of assured position nowadays, a mark of the most exquisite culture and the most fastidious discrimination. People who lay claim to all these qualities are not dissatisfied if they can add the privilege of being "the rudest woman in London." How can security of position be better asserted on a more precarious footing? How can refinement be better shown than by refusing to recognize any claims in those who fall below our own exalted standard?

Let us examine a case or two in point. The husband of one of these exalted beings meets an old friend of no particular brilliancy, and, being but a backslider himself, on the spur of the moment asked him to dinner that night. His wife, who has collected a little party of the elite, is perhaps not unjustifiably annoyed at the introduction of an incongruous element. We could forgive her dragging out a bad five minutes to her indiscreet husband, but our sympathies fall when, forgetting the laws of hospitality and good breeding, she visits her dissipation on the unsuspecting guest, who departs in open-mouthed indignation, smarting as if he had been unfairly deceived into putting his hand in a wasp's nest. A country neighbor calls upon a great lady at an inopportune moment, and with scarcely veiled insolence is shown how unwelcome her visit is. "What a brute you were to let that poor woman in!" exclaims a half-admiring friend. "I know I was. I hated my life for it (it is really not a hint of grace at all—she does it knowingly and would do it again), but she interrupted such an interesting talk." A clever, charming woman, staying in a country house, was looking forward with pleased anticipation to the arrival of a celebrity, whom she had never before had the chance of meeting, but two of these picks of courtesy, already on easy terms with him, warned her off. "Now we are going to have him all to ourselves," either he nor we want any one else." "How delightful to have him quietly; just our three selves." A popular novelist draws only too accurate a picture of the English aristocrat who, for his own ends, has invited himself to the house of a parvenue and who responds to his hostess's delighted accolade by "standing" with a vacant frown on his face all the time she was speaking. A child could have seen he was longing to get away. "It is in these kind of ways Frenchmen are more polite," adds the acute Elizabeth. "The Marquis always contrived to wear an interested grin when God mamma—equally against his inclination—kept him by her."

The set which leads the way in deliberate rudeness is one that nobody has called dull. Its members include the rich, beautiful, and distinguished, men and women of wit, taste, and talent, with the will and the power to gather round the best that society has to offer. They can offer every kind of pleasure to those they like and can throw off the blade and whistle him back at their caprice. An idea has been expressed that democratic institutions are accountable for the decadence in present-day manners, but go a little way below the surface of "high life" and you will still find anxious politeness flourishing. Go deeper still and usefulness civility and consideration displayed in the packed meeting or on a crowded excursion puts to shame the more distinguished traveller or seat-holder, whose sulky looks on being disturbed once caused some one to say that "you never saw a Christian in church, or a lady in a first-class carriage."

We are not concerned with the rebuke dealt out to the impertinent or the pouting. The grande dame has at all times been (and long may she continue to be) equal to such an exercise of defensive power. The gentle have been (by the kind impetuosity, but the rudeness of to-day is not directed so much against the toady and the climber, who is often persona grata when he or she has climbed high enough, as against the weak and inoffensive. The attitude of uncouth members of society towards those whom they do not particularly like is softened by none of the restraining influence of a polite and considerate courtesy. This is, after all, the test. People are seldom tempted to be rude to those they admire and whose acquaintance they find convenient. We sigh for the woman who with all her dignity does not know how to be rude, who is courteous less perhaps because of what is due to others than because of old tradition and what is due to herself. Such women still uphold the tradition of high-bred English ladyhood; but among many others these traditions are weakening.

Above all, the girls of to-day are a by-word for bad manners. They are the true daughters of their mothers in their treatment of those they suspect of being of no importance. Who better can stare and call a girl who does not belong to their "set" to a moral S. Beria! As for other people who cross their path, who do not justify their existence by giving balls, or driving a coach, or taking a house at Ascot, the contemptuous nod they receive, the bored response vouchsafed to any remark they venture to make, implies that they are looked upon as scarcely human, and questions why they clutter the ground.

Could we analyze the inner springs of this kind of manner, we might put stupidity first. Want of imagination, less a fault than a misfortune, is answerable for a good deal. A keen and sensitive imagination, able to enter into the feelings of others, will save its owner from inflicting many a painful slight, but the wish, the variety of life to-day, robs people of

the time to think and feel, and there is less development of the imaginative nature. And women have not infrequently a strain of cruelty. There are those who really enjoy inflicting stings, and whose imagination helps to plant them with peculiar nicety. Youth is not uncommonly both stupid and cruel, and these engaging tendencies do not require any stimulus from example and education. Formerly boys or girls were trained to efface themselves to put their elders first. Very likely the thing was overdone, but any such mistakes have been rectified. Now children must not sit through a sermon lest they should be bored, they must not be sharply checked if rude to their governess lest their animal spirits should be lowered, they must not be punished for fear the sensitive nature should suffer. The habit of gratifying every impulse, the shrinking from all that is dull and irksome, the craving for constant amusement inevitably beget a want of self control and self restraint, and the gospel of *laissez faire* is largely responsible for the rudeness of after life. Why should a charming creature with any number of agreeable friends, run the risk of being bored, or wasting time and strength upon some humdrum person, who appears unasked within her line of vision? She would only be encouraging the tiresome intruder to accost her again, and what a dreadful precedent that would establish! It is more politic as well as immediately pleasant to thrust aside and wipe one's eyes if "feelings" are hurt and wounded in the process.

In this way, potentially delightful people have acquired the knack of being disagreeable. They are the great of the wave, and success has dulled their finer perception and chilled their keener sympathies. Success and popularity bring their own dangers. Those who enjoy them run the risk of growing coarser in fibre, less sensitive in feeling. If this were not so they could not do the things we notice every day. They have no conception of the picture they present to a generous mind, for they have destroyed their own vision of generosity. It would horrify them to see a strong person physically ill-treated a weak, yet they do the thing morally every day to those who do not "get on," who cannot display the hall-mark of success which is their touchstone. Many of them are warm friends to those they accept. For these nothing can be too good, no praise too extravagant, no sympathy too all-embracing, but one occasional questioner whether the dispensation of such precious things have not wounded more hearts than ever they bound up.

All such leaders are sure of a camp following. The prescription of unattractiveness is easy to popularize. Snobbery thrives upon it, and we do not often find it practised upon people who are important or who have much to give. It is no answer to say we only ask to be let alone and to have the right to choose our own friends. We may hold with Voltaire that the whole world is full of people who are not worth knowing, and perhaps we do not gain much intellectually or spiritually from the mass of those with whom we come into contact; but to maintain consistent selection and exclusion we must cut and stab. No one can live to his or herself or even to a man and woman of the world, to a very small and restricted circle.

We think leniently of certain people, sometimes erring and reprehensible enough, but whose kindness of nature and love of being liked makes them harmless to the most insignificant and pious; but perhaps we ought rather to chime in with the better-informed vicar's wife in "Mademoiselle Liza," who, when Mrs. Merriam ventures the hope that her governess has religious principles because she is "so polite and obliging and unselfish," exclaims, "But, my dear Mrs. Merriam, what in the world has all that to do with religion?"

Yet those who cannot endure that any dull or common element should enter their lives, lose something after all. Nothing perhaps that their value as a breadth of view, a depth of experience, that true touch with humanity which results from tolerance and large-heartedness.

DETERMINED RAID ON THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

EXCITING SUFFRAGETTE SCENES.

The suffragists carried out their threat to invade the House of Commons on November 18, with the purpose of interviewing Mr. Asquith. They did not see the premier, and their demonstration resulted in no arrests. Parliament met at noon, and at noon the Women's Social and Political Union entered into session at Carlton Hall, and in the course of the afternoon something like 300 suffragists marched on the House in deputations of ten or a dozen members. The first deputation was

HEADED BY MRS. PANKHURST, and was probably the most representative of the women who have ever gathered in the House. It did not see the premier, and their demonstration resulted in no arrests. Parliament met at noon, and at noon the Women's Social and Political Union entered into session at Carlton Hall, and in the course of the afternoon something like 300 suffragists marched on the House in deputations of ten or a dozen members. The first deputation was

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Intimations.

A FAIR EXCHANGE.

Large sums of money are no doubt realized from simple speculation, but the great fortunes are derived from legitimate and honest business—where the goods furnished are worth the price they bring. Certain famous business men have accumulated their millions wholly in this way. Prompt and faithful in every contract or engagement they enjoy the confidence of the public and command a class of trade that is refused to unstable or tricky competitors. In the long run it does not pay to cheat or deceive others. Even a child or a dog soon learns to distinguish between real friends and foes in disguise. A humbug may be advertised with a noise like the blowing of a thousand trumpets, but it is soon detected and exposed. The manufacturers of

WAMPOL'S PREPARATION

have always acted on very different principles. Before offering it to the public they first made sure of its merits. Then, and then only, did its name appear in print. People were assured of what it would do, and found the statement truthful. To-day they believe in it as we do believe in the word of a tried and trusted friend. It is palatable as honey and contains all the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, extracted by us from fresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Symp of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Mint and Wild Cherry. It aids digestion, drives impurities from the blood and cures Anemia, Scrofula, Debility, Influenza, Throat and Lung Troubles, and Wasting Complaints. Dr. Louis W. Bishop says: "I take pleasure in saying I have found it a most efficient preparation, embodying all of the medicinal properties of a pure cod liver oil in a most palatable form." It stands in the front rank in the march of medicine. It is a scientific remedy and a food, with a delicious taste and flavour. No show or doubtful action. "It cannot disappoint you." Sold by all chemists.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.

IN accordance with Ordinance No. 6 of 1875 and Government Notification No. 368 the EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED for the Transaction of PUBLIC BUSINESS on MONDAY and TUESDAY, the 26th and 27th instants.

Hongkong, 20th December, 1910. [763]

FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF HONGKONG.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.

IN accordance with Ordinance No. 6 of 1875 and Government Notification No. 368, ALL FIRE INSURANCE OFFICES will be CLOSED for Transaction of PUBLIC BUSINESS on MONDAY and TUESDAY, the 26th and 27th instants.

Hongkong, 20th December, 1910. [764]

MARINE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF HONGKONG.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.

IN accordance with Ordinance No. 6 of 1875 and Government Notification No. 368, ALL MARINE INSURANCE OFFICES will be CLOSED for Transaction of PUBLIC BUSINESS on MONDAY and TUESDAY, the 26th and 27th instants.

Hongkong, 20th December, 1910. [765]

Xmas! Xmas! Xmas!

READY ON VIEW

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

French Chocolates and Bonbons.

Cadbury's Chocolates and Pascal's

Confectionery.

Tom Smith's Crackers.

Santa Claus' Stockings and

French Dolls and Toys.

FRENCH STORE.

L. GAMEAU,

6, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, 13th December, 1910. [47]

CRACKERS

FOR

TABLE

DECORATION

CALL AT

GRACA & CO.,

27, Des Voeux Road

Central.

Hongkong, 22nd December, 1910. [61]

HONGKONG AVERAGE MARKET PRICES.

Corrected 15th Dec., 1910, 100 lbs. per 5 lbs.

BUTCHER MEAT.

Beefsteak and prime cut—Mei Lung Pa B

" Corned—Ham Ngau Yuk

" Roast—Shiu

" Breast—Ngau Lam

" Soup, Tong Yuk

" Steak—Ngau Yuk Pa

" Sliced—Ngau Lau

" Sausages—Ngau Yuk Chong

Bollock's Brain—Know

" Tongue fresh—Ngau Li

" Corned—Ham Ngau Li

" Head—Ngau Tau

" Heart—Ngau Sum

" Hump, Salt—Ngau Kiu

" Feet—Ngau Kook

" Kidneys—Ngau Yiu

" Tail—Ngau Mei

" Liver—Ngau Con

" Tripe (dressed)—Ngau To

Calves' Head and Feet—Ngau-chai

" Head and Feet—Ngau-chai

Mutton Chop—Young Pal Kwai

" Leg—Young Pal Kwai

" Shoulder—Young Shau

Pigs' Chins—Choi Chong

" Buns—Choi Kook

" Feet—Choi Kook

" Fry—Choi Chai

" Head—Choi Tau

" Heart—Choi Sum

" Kidneys—Choi Yiu

" Liver—Choi Con

Pork Chop—Choi Pal Kwai

" Corned—Ham Chai Yuk

" Leg—Choi Pal

" Fat or Lard—Choi Yau

Sheep's Head and Feet—Young Tau

" Keek—Young Sum

" Heart—Young Sum

" Kidneys—Young Yiu

" Liver—Young Con

Sucking Pigs, To Order—Choi Chai

Suet Beef—Sung Ngau Yau

" Mutton—Sung Young Yau

Veal—Ngau Chai Yuk

" Sausages—Ngau Chai Yuk Tong

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Shark—Su Yu

Skate—Po Yu

Shrimps—Ha

Snapper—Lap Yu

Soles—Tai Sa Yu

Tench—Wan Yu

Turbot—Cho Hop Yu

Turkey, small, fresh water—Kook Yu

White Bait—Ngau Yau Chai

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Intimations.

A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1847.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

WATSON'S
E
VERY OLD LIQUEUR
SCOTCH
WHISKY

A Blend of the Finest Pure Malt
Whiskies distilled in Scotland.

GENUINE AGE
AND
FINE MELLOW
FLAVOUR.

Robert Porter & Co.'s

BULL DOG
BRAND

GUINNESS' STOUT
in PINTS and SPLITS.

A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED,

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

Hongkong, 7th July, 1910.

NOTICE.

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Ordinary business communications should be addressed to The Manager.

The Editor will not undertake to be responsible for any rejected MS., nor to return any Contribution.

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Single Copies, Daily, ten cents. Weekly, twenty-five cents (for cash only).

The Hongkong Telegraph
HONGKONG, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1910.

THINGS SCHOLASTIC IN HONGKONG.

Ever since His Excellency Sir Frederick Lugard came amongst us to preside over the Government of the Colony, he has assiduously advocated a policy of educational advancement and, as we all know, his enthusiastic labours in this direction have met with conspicuous success. With Sir Frederick Lugard's name the Hongkong University Scheme will be associated for all time. But His Excellency has not by any means let the University Scheme, with its great future possibilities, overshadow his interest in the primary and secondary schools, of which H.E. gave another proof yesterday evening when he presided at the annual prize-giving ceremony at St. Joseph's College and delivered an encouraging address to the pupils. Referring to the University, Sir Frederick said it was hoped that it would be opened in 1912, and expressed his earnest desire to see a great increase in the number of pupils passed in the Senior Oxford local examination, with a view to become ultimately undergraduates of the new institution. It was a pleasing part of the Governor's functions yesterday to make the announcement of yet another scholastic benefit bestowed on the Colony by that generous and liberal-minded citizen, Sir Hormusjee Mody, "our perpetual benefactor in matters of education." At the Italian Convention

last year, he said, he had been able to announce that Sir Hormusjee Mody had decided to establish several scholarships in various selected schools in the Colony. He had now been authorised to add that Sir Hormusjee Mody was willing to give an additional sum, equal to interest for one year, to the capital so as to bring the scholarships into operation on the 1st of January next. These Lugard Scholarships—as they have been named by the donor—are tenable for two years and earn \$30 a year. Certain schools have been selected as eligible for participation in this benefaction, and a set of rules has been drawn up, at the request of Sir Hormusjee, by the Governor and the Director of Education. Roughly speaking, the principle is that the scholarships shall be held by the boys who have passed the preliminary Oxford local examination, and it is hoped that, by awarding them to that class, the boys will remain at school and pass the junior and senior examinations and qualify to become undergraduates of the University. Other subjects of importance which were touched upon at the prize-giving were the need for Chinese parents to send their children to school at an earlier age than is the general rule at present, if the best results possible are to be obtained; the large excess of boys in the lower school classes in comparison with those in the higher classes, and the necessity that exists for adding to the strength of the teaching staffs in ratio to the constantly increasing number of pupils. The sending of boys to school before the age of twelve is a matter for the parents themselves, but the advantages of doing so are so obvious that it is to be hoped that they will take heed of the words of advice uttered in this connection. So far as the preponderance of pupils in the lower classes is concerned, the Government have dealt with the matter themselves, by making an alteration in the Grant Code during the past year under which a lower grant is given for the lower class pupils and a higher grant for those in the upper classes; so that things may be expected to adjust themselves automatically in this direction in future. Also, the Education Department has laid down the rule that not more than forty boys shall be under the supervision of any one teacher, and, although the Director of Education reports that there is still some overcrowding, it is gratifying to learn that a decided improvement has already been effected all round by the adoption of this regulation. On the whole, the educational system of the Colony has derived much benefit from the vigorous policy which the Government have instituted and pursued under Sir Frederick Lugard's régime; and, when the time comes for the opening of the University, the schools and colleges of Hongkong should be able to send up a worthy band of young men desirous of taking matriculation honours.

SPIES.

Time and again in British Colonies we have had cases of prosecutions against persons alleged to be foreign spies, but none of these has attracted so much public attention as has been bestowed upon the indictment at Hants Assizes of a young German officer, Lieut. Helm, for an infringement of the Official Secrets Act by making sketches of the forts at Portsmouth. The defendant admitted his offence, and the Crown did not press for a sentence of imprisonment if he expressed unfeigned regret for having committed it and undertook not to repeat it. This assurance having been given, the Judge bound the defendant over on his own recognisances in a sum of £250 to come up for judgment when called upon. The following words addressed to the prisoner by the Bench are noteworthy:—"I trust that when you leave this country you will do so feeling that although we may be vigilant in the detection—and perhaps from your point of view too vigilant—of offences against our laws, yet that we also in the administration of these laws are just and merciful not only to those who are subject to the Crown but to others who, like yourself, seek temporarily the hospitality of our shores." Now, it so happens that at the very time those words were uttered two English Officers, Captain Trench, R.M.L.I., and Lieut. Brandon, R.N., were lying under arrest in Germany awaiting their trial for spying at Dorkum. The trial was to take place some time this month. But before the two Englishmen had even been tried, a certain section of the German Anglophobes began to clamour for the most rigorous punishment possible to be imposed upon the accused. In a brutal article, the Berlin *Reinische Nachrichten* demands that the unfriended prisoners shall be made incapable of reporting what they may have seen. Describing the prisoners as dangerous persons—who can carry in their heads what they have not got on paper, the journal expresses the hope that they may be subjected to a long period of detention in Germany "with appropriate mental treatment," so that they may not retain too clear a memory of what they may have seen. It would be too horrible to believe that this is expressive of the views of the German people as a whole. Yet it is a common saying that straw shows how the wind blows.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The French Mail of the 22nd November was delivered in London on 21st inst.

It is stated that General Botha, Prime Minister of South Africa, and Mr. J. O. Smuts, Minister of the Interior, have declined to accept titles.

The interesting announcement is made that early in the spring three of the submarines now at Portsmouth will be sent to Hongkong, and permanently stationed here.

A NATIVE was charged at the Magistracy this morning with the larceny of 50 lbs. of oil valued at \$5, the property of the Victoria Recreation Club. Case remanded.

A JAPANESE seaman was charged before Mr. E. R. Hallifax at the Magistracy this morning for the larceny of a thermometer from a fumigating bulk. He was fined \$5 or 14 days.

A MAID-SERVANT was charged at the Magistracy this morning with the larceny of \$42.80 and a sovereign from No. 10, Hillier Street. Evidence was called and his Worship discharged the defendant.

ACCORDING to a Vladivostok dispatch, the loss incurred by the Russian Volunteer Fleet during the first half of this year in maintaining the three Far Eastern services—Vladivostok, Shanghai, Vladivostok-Tsuruga, and Vladivostok-Kamchatka—was 300,000 roubles.

It has been decided that a narrative of the German Crown Prince's visit to Asia shall be published soon after his return to Europe, and Dr. George Wegener has been appointed to accompany his Imperial and Royal Highness throughout his travels, in order to collect material.

The cook of the Vienna Café who was charged with the larceny of four knives yesterday appeared again this afternoon before Mr. E. R. Hallifax. Mr. Ono Kong Sing appeared for the defence. Evidence was called and his Worship sentenced the defendant to 48 hours' imprisonment and twelve strokes of the birch.

REPORTS from the North say that a new kind of silk has been produced this year in Kien Province from a worm, very much like the wild silk-worm, which feeds on the leaves of a kind of willow tree. The silk obtained from this new source is said to be of very fine texture and suitable for the covers of balloons and aeroplanes. The same willow thrives in China. The Chinese call them "Kantulin."

PRESIDENT Taft has been obliged by the action of his landlady to seek another summer home. Because she dislikes the social exclusiveness observed by the President and his wife at Beverly, Massachusetts, and also disapproves of the number of detectives they have introduced to the resort, Mrs. Evans has refused to renew the lease of the cottage which they have occupied for the last two years.

"THE PENANG CHINESE" is the modest subscription of a carmine circular which says the Towchang is a useless and inconvenient thing and that "We, the Penang Chinese, have determined and fixed the 16th January, 1911 (7th day of 12th month) to cut off our queues. It will be good if all the Chinese will follow our example this. Individuals may wear any garb they prefer after that"—meaning the absence of the queues will not prevent the use of Chinese clothes.

MR. Joseph Chamberlain has addressed a letter to the chairman and members of the Tariff Commission, in which, after paying a warm tribute to the results of the elaborate investigation already undertaken, he suggests that that task should be followed up by new lines of inquiry, with the object of ascertaining the method by which "inter-imperial trade can best be developed by a system of mutual preference." The Tariff Committee will at once take action of the kind indicated.

MAJOR J. B. G. Tulloch, King's Own Light Infantry, has been appointed general staff officer of the second grade at Hongkong on the staff of the South China Command. Major Tulloch has a good record of service since he joined the Army in October, 1893. He served in the North-West Frontier Expedition, 1897-1898, with the Tiber Expeditionary Force (medical with class), and as a mounted infantry officer did good service in the Transvaal during the operations of 1900-02 (Queen's medal with three clasps).

"THE FOLLIES"

COMING TO HONGKONG.

No palms have been spared to make Mr. Henry Dallas's Company of "Follies," which will visit Hongkong shortly, as nearly as possible a replica of its parent company.

The news that Mr. Dallas was forming a company for this purpose spread throughout the theatrical and musical professions in London in a few days, and a week after the terms had been settled between Mr. Dallas and Mr. Pálissier. Over a hundred applications for engagements had been received.

There were half a dozen voice trials at the Apollo Theatre, London, each attended by a considerable number of candidates for the honour of Eastern Follieship. Over twenty suitable persons passed the ordeal successfully, and eventually the fortunate eight were selected and engaged.

GAMBLING RAIDS.

Twelve men were charged before Mr. E. R. Hallifax at the Police Court this morning with gambling in No. 14, Tong Man Lane. The arrest was made by Sgt. Wells last night. The first defendant was fined \$50, the second \$50 and the remainder \$4 each.

On the same evening, he made another arrest of 14 men at Circular Pathway. This batch appeared before Mr. Wood and his Worship imposed a fine of \$1 on each of the defendants.

PHILHARMONIC CONCERT.

SUCCESSFUL MUSICAL EVENING AT THE CITY HALL.

One of the most enjoyable high class concerts given from time to time under the auspices of the Hongkong Philharmonic Society was held at the Theatre Royal last night in the presence of a large and appreciative audience, which included His Excellency Sir Frederick and Lady Lugard. In Hongkong, the opportunities to hear really first-class music are very restricted and it is only at periodical intervals that such an array of talent is brought together as delighted the audience last night, for those who helped to make the function the success it deserved to be, both in the vocal and instrumental lines, numbered no less than close on a hundred, among whom many new faces were noticed. Mr. E. J. Chappman, the Acting Conductor of the Society, had the members well in hand, and to his unflinching efforts, no less than to the admirable spirit prevailing among the members, much of the success which attended last night's function was undoubtedly due.

Tutorial to the programme, it was gratifying to notice that a happy selection was decided upon calculated to suit the multifarious temperaments which are such a prominent feature in the musical world. Vocal numbers preponderated and judging from the keen approval with which they were received, their selection was perfectly justified. The first part of the programme opened with the playing of Symphony No. 4 (Mendelssohn) by the Orchestra, which was a triumph of artistic skill. Then followed a Part Song entitled "Moonlight," by Eaton Fasing by the Chorus, whose voices blended admirably and were perfectly balanced. Without detracting from the merits of the other items, however, it is no exaggeration to say that the piece which overshadowed the rest of the programme was Mrs. Schofield's "Ode Fara" (Recit and Air) by Mrs. Schofield. Mrs. Schofield, who is a valuable acquisition to the local concert platform, has a wonderfully flexible voice and her rendition of the difficult composition was accompanied with a purity and feeling which at once placed her in the first rank of local vocalists. In response to the clamorous demands for an encore, Mrs. Schofield reappeared in the same piece and in the course of the evening was made the recipient of a handsome floral tribute. The Chorus then gave Dudley Buck's "Hymn to Music" with their usual skill. The last item in the first part of the programme was Grieg's "Opus 16" (Pianoforte Concerto) by Professor Dannenberg, which was a finely executed piece of work, and was vociferously applauded, in response to which an encore had to be conceded.

The second part of the programme was entirely devoted to that gem of Shakespeare, "The Tempest," by Mr. George (Music by Sir Edward Elgar). The solo portion of the piece was entrusted to Mrs. Schofield, who performed her part of the work with fine taste and expression. The piece is one which lends itself to a display of vocal effect and its stirring notes came on the audience with inspired force. At the conclusion of the piece, a great ovation was accorded to those taking part.

Altogether, a most enjoyable evening was spent. "God Save the King" brought a function to a close which will remain imperishable in the records of the Hongkong Philharmonic Society.

DISTURBANCE IN QUEEN'S ROAD EAST.

CLAN FIGHT AMONG NAVAL YARD EMPLOYEES.

Shortly after five o'clock yesterday afternoon Queen's Road East was the scene of great excitement. It appears that a clan dispute arose among a large number of employees of the Naval Yard and soon after they were let off duty a free fight ensued, during which knives, bamboos, etc., were freely used. Two men received injuries on the head and another sustained a slight stab on the back. By this time, the scene of the disturbance was crowded with hundreds of Chinese, who proved an effective impediment to traffic at the corner of Arsenal Street and the usual plying of vehicles, etc., had perforce to be suspended for the nonce. As a result of the disturbance, two men were arrested and appeared before Mr. J. R. Wood at the Magistracy this morning to answer a charge of assaulting and causing grievous bodily harm to two men, who received injuries on the head. The party who was stabbed on the back was unable to identify the person who inflicted the injury on him.

Mr. Ono Kong Sing prosecuted and Mr. P. S. Dixon appeared for the two defendants. The case was remanded.

NIPPON MARINE TRANSPORT AND FIRE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

The 18th annual report of the Nippon Marine Transport and Fire Insurance Company, Limited, for presentation to the shareholders at the eighteenth annual meeting held at the Chamber of Commerce of Osaka was as follows:—

The directors have now pleasure to lay before the shareholders the 18th annual report, audited statement of account and balance-sheet for the term ended on the 31st August, 1910.

The net premium after deducting returns and reinsurance amount to ¥70,709,664, and the working account shows a balance at credit of ¥29,995,135, which sum the directors recommend to appropriate as follows:—

Reserve fund..... ¥8,000,000
Bonus to staff..... 20,617,000
Dividend of 10% per annum to shareholders..... 9,380,000
Balance carried forward..... 12,398,135

Yen 299,995,135

PRIZE-GIVING DAY AT ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE.

SPEECH BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

As we reported in our last issue, the annual prize distribution at St. Joseph's English College took place yesterday afternoon in presence of a large company. H.E. the Governor, Sir Frederick Lugard, presided, and amongst others present were his Lordship Bishop Foran; Mr. J. J. Leiria, Consul-General for Portugal; Mr. E. A. Irving, Director of Education; Captain Taylor, A.D.C. to the Governor; and Rev. Brother Director Christian. The hall of the school, in which the presentation ceremony was held, was tastefully decorated for the occasion. After the Governor's arrival, the proceedings were opened with a pianoforte overture by Professor C. Baptista, followed by "The Soldiers' Chorus" given by the College Choir.

The Rev. Brother Director then read his report for the past year (which we published yesterday). In conclusion he said:—"I beg to thank you, Excellency for your kindness in presiding at this ceremony, and for the encouragement you thereby give both to teachers and pupils. I also thank his Lordship the Bishop, the Rev. Fathers and ladies and gentlemen whose presence here today is an evidence of the interest they take in this annual meeting of the school. I also beg to present my sincerest thanks to his Lordship the Bishop for the excellent prize he has presented for religious knowledge; his Excellency Major-General Anderson for his valuable prize in connection with mathematics in the Oxford senior class; Sir H. N. Mody for his scholarships of \$30, and his gold medal for English literature; Mr. Bellios for his scholarship of \$50; one senior of \$30, and two junior scholarships of \$5 each; Mr. J. M. Alves for his scholarship of \$5 for commercial knowledge; the Catholic Union for their scholarship of \$25 for religious knowledge; Mr. J. M. Butto for his gold medal for shorthand; Mr. G. J. Sequeira for his gold watch for general proficiency in Standard VII. I also beg to thank the following kind friends for their generous contribution to our prize fund:—Mr. J. Leiria, Consul-General for Portugal; Mr. Gonzales de Benedit, Consul for Chili; Mrs. P. A. V. Remedios, Mr. F. Tze Yut, Mr. Ho Tong, Mr. Ho Fook, Mr. J. Machado, Mr. Ellis Kador, Mrs. Kelly and Walsh, Mr. E. E. da Silva, Mr. Chou Chong Home, Mr. Chou Po Sien and Mr. Wong Leung Him.

Bishop Foran in a short address congratulated the College staff and scholars on the success which had been achieved during the past year and thanked His Excellency for his attendance. The result of the Oxford examinations was particularly gratifying. He was glad to hear that the school took a great interest in football for he believed that study and healthy recreation should go hand in hand. He wished the College continued success in the coming year.

His Excellency—My Lord Bishop, reverend father, ladies and gentlemen,—A pressure of work prevents me from being present, as I would like, at the prize distribution at every Government and Grant school in the Colony. I have of necessity to select some half-dozen each year. It was suggested to me, as I have been present here each year, that I should omit St. Joseph's and attend another school in its place. I didn't like to do it for several reasons. I regard St. Joseph's as one of the most important schools in the Colony, not only as representing the Roman Catholic grant schools, but also because of its ever increasing numbers and the great success which it has achieved in the Oxford local and other examinations. (Applause.) St. Joseph's is now becoming one of the largest and one of the most important schools in this Colony, and I am therefore glad to be here to-day to congratulate you, and if any words of mine can do so, to stimulate you to further success in the coming year. Moreover, there are one or two words I particularly want to say to you this year in connection with the report we have just heard read by the Brother Director of the College. Last year, although I was able to congratulate you on the great success in the Oxford local examination, I told you that there were one or two points on which I had to criticize adversely, but I must say that criticism, although it applied to St. Joseph's, applied equally to almost every other school in the Colony. The two points were, first, the large excess of boys in the lower classes in comparison with those in the higher classes, and second, that although the school each year continues to increase rapidly in numbers it does not show the same increase in the numbers of the teaching staff. I am very glad indeed to hear from the Director of the College—of course I already knew before that—that you have during the past year increased the teaching staff by two European masters. The average attendance during the past year had reached the very high figure of 435 as against 400 last year, and now you have 14 European instructors. That gives an average of 31 pupils to each master. As the Head-master has told us, no class exceeds 20 in number. That is a very great improvement on what was the state of things when I spoke last year. The Director of Education in his report told us there is still in his opinion some overcrowding. If the school continues each year to increase, as I hope it will, then I hope to see one or more additions to your staff, and then I shall be able to say that the proportion of teachers to boys is thoroughly satisfactory. The other point is about the preponderance in numbers in the lower classes. Government has itself dealt with that. There has been an alteration in the grant code during the past year by which a lower grant will be given for those in the upper classes. Therefore I hope this matter will adjust itself in the future. I am now most heartily glad to be able to add my congratulations to those of his Lordship the Bishop on the remarkable success that you have had this year in the Oxford local examination. The Director of Education in his report states on the scale of calculation in the new code this college has done better than any

in the Colony in the Oxford local examination. (Applause.) You have had a total of thirty-six in all three divisions, which I believe is the same as last year, but the proportion in the senior, in the junior and those under age in the preliminary is much higher than last. Of those who have passed in the senior there are four who are excused respondents, which means that they are qualified to enter any university in England or here without any matriculation examination. (Applause.) I congratulate you on these results, and I sincerely trust you will do even better in the coming year. We hope the university will be opened in the year 1912, and I hope that the schools in the Colony which have passed boys in the Senior Oxford local examination will double their numbers next year. You have 6 this year. I want to see 12 next year. I am glad to be able to congratulate you on the extension of your library. It is of the greatest possible importance to each school to have a good library, because a young boy is not fit to become an undergraduate unless he devotes a good deal of time to private reading outside school hours. Although the Bishop has anticipated anything I was going to have said on the subject of prizes, I am glad to see that St. Joseph's maintains such a good average in football and cricket and other sports. It is all the more creditable because you have such a limited playground and you are such a long way from the Happy Valley. I hope that the list which the Head-master has given me that you may be able to extend your ground in the near future will be realised before very long. (Applause.) Now, Sir, I have a very pleasing announcement to make. Last year when I spoke at the Italian Convention I was able to announce that Sir Hormusjee Mody had decided to establish several scholarships in various selected schools in the Colony. He has now authorised me to add to that announcement that he is willing to give an additional sum equal to interest for one year to the capital so as to bring those scholarships into operation on January 1st next. (Applause.) The scholarships, which the donor has been so good as to name after myself—I am very proud of the compliment—are tenable for two years and earn \$50 a year. Sir Hormusjee Mody has selected certain schools, of which St. Joseph's is one, which shall be eligible for these scholarships. He lately came to me and asked if I would in conjunction with the Director of Education draw up some rules by which these scholarships would be governed. Mr. Irving and myself were most glad to do so, and we have drawn up a set of rules which I will read to you presently. Roughly speaking, the principle is that the scholarships shall be held by the boys who have passed the preliminary Oxford local examination, and we hope that by awarding them to that class that boys will remain at school and pass the junior and senior examinations and qualify to become undergraduates at the university. (Applause.) Now I have to announce that the boy who is the successful Lugard scholar for the coming year is Augusto Sequeira. I congratulate him most heartily and I shall be glad to present him in due course with the certificate which entitles him to the scholarship. His Excellency having read the rules governing the scholarships, said:—"Now, I have another task to perform from the wish of Sir Hormusjee Mody, our perpetual benefactor in matters of education. He has asked me to present the gold medal which he has given annually for the boy in the senior Oxford local class who has attained the highest number of marks in English literature. The winner of that gold medal is Peter Prevot. (Applause.) Peter, having pinned the medal on the breast of the recipient, resumed:—"Now boys, and also the staff of the College, it only remains for me to wish you a very pleasant holiday and success next year both in sport and in work. To those younger boys who seem to have been excluded in the speeches on scholarships and university candidates I would say they should remember that all those honours are open to them as soon as they get a little higher in the school. Each one should make up his mind that he is going to win a scholarship and to enter the university and that he is also going to be the captain of the football team and the cricket team. The small boy who makes up his mind to be all those is pretty sure to be the boy who gets them. (Applause.)"

His Excellency then presented the prizes. Afterward, several musical selections were given by the choir, the orchestra and friends. Prof. F. Gonzalez, accompanied by Master J. Litoja, contributed a violin solo, and also played a piano duet with Master Litoja. A scene from "The Merchant of Venice" was enacted, the characters being taken as follows: The Duke of Venice, Antonio Basso; Shylock, Max Meyer; Antonio, A. Ozorio; Bassanio, W. E. a; Gratiano, R. Baptista; Portia, O. Munro; Ferisla, A. Sequeira; Salario, H. Reich; Two Attendants robed the Camp Fire, R. Burghignat and R. Baumann, accompanied by Prof. O. Baptista. The orchestra was composed as under: Violins, J. Foz, E. Lambiot, and W. Major; Violoncelli, Prof. F. Gonzalez; piano, J. Litoja.

"God Save the King" brought a very enjoyable function to a close.

RICKSHA POLLER ROBBED.

FARE TURN'S OUT HIGHWAY ROBBER.

Two nights ago, a Chinaman engaged a ricksha at Hongkong to go to Blackhead Point. On arrival at his destination, the man alighted and passed along without paying his fare. Meanwhile, the coolie waited for him and shortly afterwards he came with three other men. The four men assaulted the coolie and extracted a box from his pocket, containing \$55 in money and his ricksha licence. Two men were arrested in connection with this affair and the complainant said he saw the first defendant take the box from his pocket, and so did a watchman, who was on duty close by.

His Worship found the defendants guilty and ordered each man to pay a fine of \$50 or, in default, one month's imprisonment, and to pay \$2 a composition each.

CANTON DAY BY DAY.

[From Our Own Correspondent]

PRATAS ISLAND.

Canton, 21st December.

F. E. the Provincial Treasurer has handed over to the Kwangtung Taotai of Luchow the sum of Tls. 5,637.40 in respect of the estimated preliminary expenditure for the opening up of the Pratas Island. Of the amount in question, the sum of Tls. 3,169.40 is for the first half-year's working expenses; the remaining Tls. 2,468 is for preliminary opening expenditure.

PROMOTION OF NATIVE INDUSTRIES.
The Kwangtung Taotai of Industry has forwarded despatches to the various districts throughout the province calling on the people to establish Bureaus of Industries and to elect officials with a view to the promotion of local industries. All such bureaus and names of officials are to be reported to the Taotai.

GAMBLING MONOPOLY.

The Chamber of Commerce of Luchow has telegraphed to the public bodies of Canton protesting against the refusal to recognize as their representatives the thirty-five members of the Kwangtung Deputative Assembly who voted for the continuance of the gambling monopoly.

A VIGOROUS CAMPAIGN.

The rules for the suppression of opium smoking are being made stricter as time passes, with a consequent decrease in the number of smokers and opium-selling establishments. Yesterday, the Anti-Opium Bureau circulated notices to the opium divans throughout the city, ordering them to send in daily reports of the number of smokers making purchases of the drug and the quantity sold to each smoker. The registers are to be kept up-to-date and are to be handed to the Bureau from time to time.

NEWS FROM THE NORTH.

[Special Telegrams for the Hongkong Telegraph]

CIVIL EXAMINATIONS.

The Commissioners of Constitutional Reforms have decided that the examinations of Civil officials should be divided into two sections—the superior class and the ordinary class. The examinations of the superior class will be held in Peking in September next; and those in respect of the ordinary class will take place at the various provinces.

CHINA'S PARLIAMENT.

The Prince Regent has received several telegrams from the Viceroys of the Three Eastern Provinces, H. E. Hsiao-ling, requesting the Throne to shorten the period for the establishment of a Parliament by another year.

AN URGENT REQUEST.

The Viceroys of the Three Eastern Provinces, H. E. Hsiao-ling, have wired to the Ministry of Finance urging the Ministry to advance immediate funds to meet the necessary expenditure of Hu Lu Kuo, a new treaty port. Should the remittance be delayed, it is feared that the foreigners will interfere with the administration.

ARMY OFFICIALS DISCHARGED.

The Minister of War, H. E. Yin Chang, has dismissed from service Ho Chung-ling, Commander of the First Division of the Army, and has appointed Liang-po to replace him. It is stated that the Commanders of the 2nd, 4th and 5th Divisions will also be replaced by new officials.

GRAND COUNCILLORS DENOUNCED.

Censor Chao-hse has impeached the Grand Counsellors, accusing them of negligence of their duties and failing to take the responsibility of their action. The memorial has been shelved.

OPIMUM MEASURE RECEIVES CONSENT.

The Bills prohibiting after June next year the importation and smoking of opium and its cultivation of the poppy has passed the Privy Council in Peking.

MILITARY STUDENTS IN JAPAN.

Eleven Chinese military students who graduated from the Military Cadet Academy in Tokyo, have been ordered to further prosecute their studies in the Toyama Military School, the Cavalry Practice School and the Artillery and Engineering College, Tokio, each for a term of three years.

OFFICIALS DENOUNCED.

Censor Tsai-fun has memorialized the Throne, accusing a large number of officials in Honan Province of negligence of their duties and committing various offences. An Imperial Decree has been issued ordering that all these officials are to be punished, cashiered and dismissed from office as the case may be.

SURVIVAL OF THE FITTEST.

In consequence of the change in the military system in the Ministry of War, several hundreds of officials are out of employment. H. E. Minister Yin Chang has decided to dismiss them entirely.

REDUCTION OF ALLOWANCES.

The special allowances granted to the members of the Ministry of Posts and Communications are to be reduced to half the present amount commencing from next month.

PARENTAL TREATMENT SUGGESTED.

The Governor of Chekiang, H. E. Tseng Yun, has memorialized the Throne to reduce the export duty on native goods but suggests that import duty on foreign goods should be increased.

THE NEW SPIRIT.

The Minister of War, H. E. Yin Chang, intends to request the Prince Regent to order that all military officers should appear in uniform on being received in audience.

TYPHOON WARNING.

The telegram quoted below was received from the Manila Observatory at the American Consulate General today—
Manila, December 21, 5 p.m.
Cyclone or Typhoon E of the Northern Hemisphere South of Luzon, direction unknown.

SPORTS.

HOCKEY.

R VAL ENGINEERS vs. QUEEN'S COLLEGE.

A friendly game of hockey was played between the above teams yesterday afternoon on the Military Ground at Happy Valley. The match resulted in a win for the Engineers by 5 goals to 1. The boys will have to strengthen their team considerably before they can hope to meet on even terms their quicker and bigger opponents.

RUGBY.

ARMY vs. NAVY.

An interesting rugby match was played yesterday afternoon on the Hongkong Football Club Ground between the above teams in connection with the Triangular Contest. The game was of a fast nature from start to finish. In the first half the naval men led by 7 points to 11 but at a later stage of the game, the Army warmed up and scored two goals, thus gaining an advantage of three points over the Navy. The score remained unaltered till the end of the game. The match thus resulted in a victory for the Army by 10 points to 7.

It is interesting to note that the latter half of play witnessed a rough-and-tumble spectacle. Sleeves were flying off in every direction and several shifts reached their ends ere the players left the field. These are some of the joys of Rugby Football.

THE CHINCHOW-AIGUN RAILWAY.

INACCURACIES RESPECTING THE MATTER.

We note that the reported agreement between China and America, which was first published in a British paper at the end of September last, is still being given credence in some Far Eastern papers. This document stated that the whole material for the construction and equipment of the line was to be either Chinese or American, and it further stated that the chief engineer was to be an American. At the time of this publication Messrs. Pauling and Co., the British contractors, issued to the Press a denial of the correctness of the clause regarding the material so far as their agreements went. Unfortunately, Messrs. Pauling's letter

LEFT A LOOPHOLE FOR CARPING CRITICS to affirm that the denial only extended to their own agreements, and did not necessarily include any arrangement made between the Chinese and Americans. Advantage seems to have been taken of this by some people to uphold their contention that such an agreement does exist, and the China Association has been reproached in some quarters for supporting an anti-British scheme. It has been declared also that the British Foreign Office is in possession of the provision of this agreement if not of the actual text. Official enlightenment on this point would be of great service. Either this document is a forgery, and has been wilfully published

DAMAGE BRITISH INTERESTS IN CHINA; or, if it does exist, then British support has been wrongfully obtained to the scheme. But everything goes to show that this professed agreement is an invention, and its alleged existence to be an attempt, and not a very creditable one, to alienate British support. Had it existed would not the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs have intimated as much when replying to the many questions put to him in the House of Commons in the endeavour to enlist official support to the scheme? Sir Edward Grey was hard put to it to explain the attitude of the Foreign Office on more than one occasion, especially when he bared his refusal on the spot of what is now, presumably,

AN OBSCURE AGREEMENT between Russia and England referring to spheres of influence. It is only reasonable to believe that he would have at least conveyed the terms of this agreement to those who were so persistently worrying him.

A long letter published in the *Peking and Tientsin Times* of Oct. 25 supposes every big eye to hand in its attempt to draw conclusions on those who have been supporting British interests. Underneath the writer there is ample evidence to show that British interests were at all times supported on solid and justifiable foundations.

Messrs. Pauling have shown the preliminary agreement, which is, we happen to know, a tripartite one between China, the American group, and themselves, to more than one person of influence. The agreement contains this clause:—

On equal terms Chinese material shall be given the preference. If, however, Chinese materials are not available recourse shall be had to other markets.

The subsequent and final agreement, with Messrs. Pauling as contractor, contains the following:—

The materials for the construction of the railway and the equipment shall be OBTAINED FROM THE BEST SOURCES, so as to insure the best quality, but preference shall be given to the steel rails manufactured at Han Yang Steel and Iron Works, and any other goods manufactured and produced in China of equal price and quality.

We may also add that the appointment of the chief engineer during construction rests with Messrs. Pauling, subject to Chinese Government approval of the person appointed. The attempt to bring discredit on a British firm and to alienate all British sympathy should not be allowed to rest with plain contradiction. Opposition to this scheme of China to build a railway in her own territory has been widespread, though the rights of Russia and Japan to interfere rest on slender authority and are not based on any treaty right. Our own Government's attitude has met with very considerable criticism. Perhaps the last word has not yet been said on this subject. — *L. and C. Express.*

It is understood that the British representations with regard to the hardships imposed upon British trade by the new Japanese Tariff are before the Government in Tokyo and are being seriously considered.

THE CHINESE ASSEMBLY.

Reuter's Peking correspondent states that the success of the Imperial Assembly has been a matter of surprise to the oldest and best-informed residents of Peking, both Chinese and foreign. He continues:—

It was generally expected that the members would meet, pass certain innocuous resolutions, and having justified their appointment to their fellow provincials, quietly adjourn; thankful to have passed through a dangerous ordeal in safety. Some such ideas were probably entertained by the Imperial party when they appointed the accomplished but inexperienced Prince Pa Lun as President of the Assembly. Had Prince Ching, Prince Yu Lang, or any other recognised statesman among the princes been appointed to preside, the Assembly would have begun its labours endowed with considerably greater importance in the minds of the general public. It is doubtful, however, whether its success would have been so marked; and, in the light of recent events, the Throne probably has cause to congratulate itself upon the appointment of a President who has been visibly impressed by the

SENATORIAL BEARING OF THE MEMBERS, and who, not feeling any shadow of contempt, showed no trace of haughtiness during the whole of the proceedings. Indeed, the earnestness of the President has been as notable as the quiet dignity of the members, who once only appeared in danger of getting out of hand. Though not quite experts in technical subjects, they proved that they had given long and careful study to the matters in hand, and so gradually began to dawn upon the public that these men would really be a great acquisition to the Councils of the Empire. A slight but unmistakable change came over the spirit of the Assembly when this question arose of petitioning the Throne a third time to shorten the period arranged for the opening of a Parliament.

QUIET DETERMINATION, which might not inaptly be described as grim, spread over the House. After several speakers had addressed the House a member rose and asked whether anyone opposed the motion. No one responding, the members were inclined to accept the result as a unanimous verdict. But the President rose and said that a ballot ought to be taken. Cries of "No, no!" followed, and a member said excitedly, "If you insist upon a ballot you must sympathise with our opponents. Let those in favour stand." Immediately

EVERY MEMBER STOOD UP, and cheers broke out from 500 people in the gallery, including several princes. The cheers were taken up by the members, and a scene of great enthusiasm followed. When order had been restored, the President appointed a committee of six members to draft the memorial to the Throne, and the House adjourned.

A leading article in a recent number of the *Saturday Review*, by a hand we need not trace, truly points out that great expectations are being founded on the opening of an Imperial Assembly at Peking. More incisive is the writer's remark that great expectations are always being founded on something that is happening, or about to happen, in China, and the unfulfilled promises of many edicts make it difficult to rise above an attitude of expectancy regarding projects even of parliamentary representation. The cross of much in the nascent parliament of China is finance. Reform here is at the root of most reforms in China; as the writer points out, a

SYSTEM WHICH RECOGNISES PECULATION and has elevated "squeeze" into a fine art, which admits the diversion of Naval Appropriation to repair of the Summer Palace, and looks on tribute or presents as sources of imperial income, might pass when the heaviest imperial expenditure was in connection with the Imperial Court, when junks fired jingals, and military examinations were based on bows and arrows. But that precise instance of the Summer Palace, which involved golden opportunities for the chief eunuch, was partly responsible for China's defeat at sea by Japan; and, though expenditure has gone on increasing, no attempt has been made to purify the collection of such sources of revenue, say, as the land tax, which conceals opportunities proportionately as great. After finance we might put the P. & O. and its like where intrigues and corruption hold high revel that reform is likewise urgently needed. — *L. & C. Express.*

THE TA CHING BANK.

Hon. Mo Lia has asked the Board of Finance the following questions with regard to the Ta Ching Bank:—

(1) Since the Board has stated in answer to the Hon. Lo-chih that the Ta Ching Bank is indebted to the Central Bank of Japan and that the issue of bank notes is the exclusive right of the Central Bank, why does it allow the Communication, Kung Yih and other bank to issue bank notes with impunity?

(2) Is there any limit to the issue of bank notes by the Ta Ching Bank?

(3) Whether the value of the bank notes issued by the Ta Ching Bank tallies with the amount of its reserve fund?

(4) As a central bank should be the bankers of the ordinary banks and the chief financial organ and the Ta Ching Bank carries on the same business as the ordinary banks, whether it can properly be deemed to be of the nature of a central bank?

CHINESE ADMINISTRATION CASE.

This afternoon judgment was given by the Full Court in the Chinese Administration appeal case which has for so long occupied the attention of the Supreme Court Judges.

The Chief Justice held that the judgment of the Court below must be reversed, with costs to the appellants.

The Justice Judge concurred.

An extended report will appear to-morrow.

COMMERCIAL.

20th December, 1 p.m.

The following quotations for rubber shares by wire, are supplied by Messrs. E. S. Kadoorie & Co.:—

Alligars	5/
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7
Anglo-Malaya	24/
Balgownes	5/
Bertams	6/
Caray Uniteds	17/6 prem.
Castelfields	110/
Changkat Serdangs	38/
Cheras (part paid)	38 prem.
Do. (fully paid)	3/8
Damansara	153/6
Eastern International	13/ prem.
Glencays	2/00
Highlands and Lowlands	107/6
Indragiris	5/33
Kamunings	5/ prem.
Kuala Lumpur	165/
Ledbury's	65/
Lloggis	47/3
London Asiatics	13/
London Ventures	5/
Merillmans	5/
Pajamas	5/
Pegohs	53/
Rubber Trusts	17/ prem.
Sandycrofts	2/6
Sapongs	27/
Seafields	140/
Shelfords	73/9
Singapore & Johore	33/
Sungel Choks	91/6
Sungel Kapars	14/
Tangkabs	50/
Toerangle	Par
United Serdangs	112/6
United Singapore	3/2
United Sumatras	8/3
United Langkats	90/
Duffs	13/
Tronchs	37/
Para Rubber	5/11 per lb.

STRONG ATTACK UPON MR. ROOSEVELT.

The *New York World* of the 7th ultimo contained a very strong upon Mr. Roosevelt describing him as "a public scandal." The following are some of the more vigorous passages:—
Mr. Roosevelt's conduct in this campaign has been a public scandal—a national disgrace. Never before did any man who had been President of the United States descend to the gutter of ward politics and sweep up its dregs with the prestige of his great office. Never before did any man who has been President of the United States show himself ready to sacrifice every consideration of

POLITICAL DECENCY in order to make his way back to the White House.
"Mr. Roosevelt has remembered his 'prime obligation' by conducting a campaign of slander and vilification, of cheap demagoguery and personal abuse, which has not been surpassed in the recent history of New York politics."

"He has assailed the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States as 'fossilized' and 'medieval.' He has denounced Judge Anderson of the Federal bench as 'a crook and a jackass' for deciding the Panama Canal case against him. He has branded his opponents as

LIARS AND CROOKS or the allies of crooks. He has appealed to class prejudice and class hatred with all the unprincipled vehemence of a professional demagogue."

"Instead of helping the American people solve their great problems, as he promised in June, Mr. Roosevelt has complicated those problems and made them more difficult of solution. He has sought to divert public attention from a very important issue. He has evaded every question that went to the heart of these issues. He has helped to discredit the progressive movement in his own party. He has acted as a shield for Aldrichism and Cannonism. He has been the best friend of Republican Senators like Aldrich and Guggenheim and Scott and Oliver and Smoot and Crane, who resisted the tariff for the

BENEFIT OF THEIR OWN POCKETS, because he has enabled them to hide from an examination of their records. He has brought honest and calm again into distrust and set back the clock of political progress, as free silver set it back in 1897. Mr. Roosevelt's ticket should be overwhelmingly defeated in this campaign as a rebuke to degraded, indecent and shameless demagoguery."

"Such conduct cannot be excused in a man who has not been President of the United States. In one who has been President and has held the greatest elective office known to human history it is intolerable—unspeakable."

"There is one supreme duty that the voters of New York owe to their fellow-Americans—and the Roosevelt ticket and the Roosevelt propaganda down to irretrievable defeat."

Events Coming.

Thursday, 22nd December.
Bijon Scenic Theatre, 9 p.m.
"Scharnhorst" Band Concert at Theatre Royal.

Friday, 23rd December.
Police Ball.

THE FESTIVE SEASON.

EVERYTHING is ready for CHRISTMAS at the BRITISH-AMERICAN CANDY STORES, No. 15, Pottinger Street. CANDIES of every description, XMAS CRACKERS and STOCKINGS can be had at very reasonable prices.

All kinds of PRESERVE FRUITS, JAMS, &c., &c., can also be had on the premises.

Thousands of other dainty things suitable for Xmas and New Year Presents are ready for sale. Parents would do well to take their "Kiddies" to the store, where they can be sure of finding good things to suit all tastes.
Hongkong, 9th December, 1910. [750]

To-day's Advertisements.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

HAVING returned to the Col. sy. I will RESUME CHARGE of the affairs of the Company from To-day.

D. W. CRADDOCK
General Traffic Agent
Hongkong, 22nd December, 1910. [768]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on

WEDNESDAY, the 4th January, 1911, at 10 A.M., at the NAVAL YARD CAMBER, THE PONTOON LIGHTER "MEGOHM" together with the fittings as described here.

To be sold in One Lot as she now lies in Chamber of the Naval Yard.

The Admiralty does not guarantee the Lighter to be fit for further sea or harbour service.

The Lighter may be viewed for Seven days before date of Sale on production of an Importing Order which can be obtained from the Auctioneers.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Government Auctioneers.
Hongkong, 22nd December, 1910. [758]

FOR SHANGHAI.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamer

"DEVANHA,"
Captain H. Powell, will leave for SHANGHAI TO-MORROW, the 23rd December, at Daylight.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
"E. A. HEWETT,"
Superintendent.
Hongkong, 22nd December, 1910. [754]

JAPANESE AND CHINESE POLICE.

FRIENDLY RELATIONS ESTABLISHED IN MANCHURIA.

Reports have been frequent of strained relations between the Japanese and Chinese police in the South Manchurian Railway zone. We now learn from a Tokyo dispatch that as the result of a memorandum exchanged between the Japanese and Chinese authorities regarding police administration in Manchuria, the conflicts between the Japanese and Chinese police officers, which had been constantly taking place on the boundary of the Japanese railway zone, have now entirely ceased. When entering the railway zone on business now, says the dispatch, the Chinese police officers first obtain the consent of the Japanese authorities. On the occasion of the strong protest being made by the Japanese authorities against the unlawful arrest of Japanese at Tsing-tai by the Chinese police, the Viceroys of Manchuria issued instructions to local Governments ordering them to be careful that such action was not repeated. The attitude of the local authorities in general toward the Japanese has much improved, and the Japanese and Chinese police authorities in Manchuria are becoming more and more friendly.

SENNET FRERES

are unrivalled in Hongkong for their Wide and Choice Stock of JEWELLERY of every kind,

ORNAMENTS, CUT GLASS WARES, &c

CALL AND SELECT XMAS AND NEW YEAR PRESENTS.

For variety and beauty our stock this year is unsurpassable.

Hongkong Hotel Buildings. [722]

IT PAYS BEST

IN THE LONG RUN TO GO TO

KUHN AND KOMOR, who have experience and expert knowledge.

If you want to buy

CURIOS THAT ARE THE REAL THING

and not shoddy imitations visit KUHN AND KOMOR'S STORE,

Hotel Buildings, Hongkong. Established 1867. [719]

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

for your friends.

We supply Special Xmas Cases of Wines

and Spirits according to your own requirements,

at specially reduced rates for THIS

SEASON only.

H. PRICE & CO., LTD.

12, Queen's Road Central,

State Express Cigarettes and Tobacco,

10% DISCOUNT FOR XMAS SEASON.

Hongkong, 16th December, 1910.

Intimations.

TRY OUR DELICIOUS
PRESSED BEEF

40 cents per lb.

B R A W N

30 cents per lb.

THE DAIRY FARM CO.,
LIMITED.

POPULAR

"ASAHI" BEER.



PRICES:

4 Doz. Quarts.....\$12.00 per case

8 Doz. Pints.....\$13.50 " "

OF ALL

WINE MERCHANTS,

Hongkong, 16th December, 1910. [54]

NOTICE OF REMOVAL:

WE have This Day REMOVED to 47, DES VŒUR ROAD, CENTRAL.

THE MANAGER,

"Hongkong Telegraph Company,"
Limited.

Hongkong, 28th November, 1910.

Intimation.

Wan Lee,

GENERAL

PRINTERS

COMMERCIAL

STATIONER

INDIA

RUBBER

STAMP

MAKER

AND

ACCOUNT

BOOK

MANUFACTURER

TUNER

47, Des Voeux

Road.

UNDERTAKES

TO DO

ALL KINDS

OF

JOB PRINTING.

FROM A

VISITING

CARD

TO A

POSTER.

ONLY FIRST-CLASS

WORK DONE.

PRICES MODERATE.

Hongkong, 21 November, 1910.

COMMERCIAL.

TODAY'S EXCHANGE.

London-Bank T.T.	10/11
Do. demand	10/11
Do. 4 months' sight	10/11
France-Bank T.T.	10/11
Do. demand	10/11
Do. 4 months' sight	10/11
Germany-Bank T.T.	10/11
Do. demand	10/11
Do. 4 months' sight	10/11
Shanghai-Bank T.T.	10/11
Singapore-Bank T.T.	10/11
Japan-Bank T.T.	10/11
Do. demand	10/11
Do. 4 months' sight	10/11

1 months' sight L/C	10/11
6 months' sight L/C	10/11
10 days' sight San Francisco & New York	10/11
4 months' sight do.	10/11
10 days' sight Sydney & Melbourne	10/11
4 months' sight France	10/11
1 months' sight do.	10/11
1 months' sight Germany	10/11
Bar Silver	10/11
Bank of England rate	10/11
Sovereign	10/11

SHIPPING AND MAILS

MAILED DUE.
German (Deutch) 29th inst.
American (Siberia) 30th inst.
American (China) 31st inst.
American (Manchuria) 1st prox.

The S.S. *Zafra* left Manila on 2nd inst. and is due here on 24th inst. at 5 p.m.
The O. & A. S.S. *Empire* left Sydney yesterday for this port via Queensland ports, Port Darwin and Manila.
The N. Y. K. S.S. *Hakata Maru*, Bombay Line, left for this port on 20th inst. and is expected here on 25th inst.

The Apac Co's S.S. *Catherine Aguir* from Calcutta left Singapore yesterday afternoon, and may be expected here on 17th inst.

The N. Y. K. S.S. *Kaga Maru*, European Line, left Yokohama for this port via Kobe, Moji and Shanghai on 21st inst. and is expected here on 2nd prox.

THE WEATHER.

On the 22nd at 11.15 a.m.—The depression remains to the Eastward of the Southern Philippines, where pressure still shows a tendency to give way.

The anticyclonic area lying over the continent has spread towards S.W., and pressure has increased moderately over S. China and the Loochoos.

Very strong monsoons may be expected over the N. part of the China Sea.
Hongkong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 6.00 inches.

FORECAST.

- 1.—Hongkong and Neighbourhood, N. winds, fresh; fine.
- 2.—Formosa Channel, N.E. winds, strong.
- 3.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamook, same as No. 1.
- 4.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan same as No. 1.

Shipping.

Arrivals.

Line	Ship	From	Arrival
Shanghai	18th Dec.	Gen.—B. & S.	21st Dec.
Sabine	Richmers	Dut. s.s. 573, P. Aries	21st Dec.
Amoy	19th Dec.	Balast—A. P. & Co.	
Redhill	Br. s.s. 2,004, H. E. Dowle	1st Dec.	
Manila	18th Dec.	Gen.—D. & Co.	
Fumi Maru	Jap. s.s. 1,079, S. Kawamuro	21st Dec.	
Tarakan	21st Dec.	Ketioite oil—A. P. & Co.	
Hongkong	Fr. s.s. 7,6 A. Cornelissen	1st Dec.	
Singapore	18th Dec.	Gen.—A. R. May	
Merapi	Br. s.s. 1,270, Uldal	21st Dec.	
Singapore	18th Dec.	Gen.—Oder	
Devanha	Br. s.s. 4,785, H. Powell	21st Dec.	
Bangkok	7th Dec.	Mail and Gen.—P. & O. B. N. Co.	
Empress of China	Br. s.s. 3,006, R. Archibald	21st Dec.	
Vancouver	30th Nov.	Gen.—B. & S.	
Bangkok	19th Dec.	Mails and Gen.—C. P. R. Co.	
Changchow	Br. s.s. 1,714, F. Boyd	21st Dec.	
Canton	21st Dec.	Gen.—B. & S.	
Hain Cheng	Chi. s.s. 1,218, W. Jamieson	21st Dec.	
Canton	21st Dec.	Gen.—B. & S.	
China Merchants			
Drufat	s.s. Ner. 1,07, A. Anonon	21st Dec.	
Bangkok	19th Dec.	Gen.—C. S. S. N. Co.	
Chinghai	Br. s.s. 1,018, Y. Bruha	21st Dec.	
Bangkok	19th Dec.	Gen.—B. & S.	
Kaiser Franz Joseph	1, Aus-Hungarian cruiser	4,000, A. Cicoli	21st Dec.
Amoy	21st Dec.		

Clearances at the Harbour Office

Kofu, for Amoy.
Lian, for Canton.
Hinghang, for Shanghai.
Seam, for Amoy.
Hinghang, for Shanghai.
Chinghai, for Hongkong.
Devanha, for Shanghai.
Murri, for Shanghai.

Departures.

Dec. 21.
Yantai Maru, for Manila.
East Forfar, for Merapi.
Kwongling, for Canton.
Kwongling, for Canton.
Ko Joo, for Hainan.
Chinghai, for Hongkong.
Sithoa, for Singapore.

Passengers arrived.
Per *Empress of China*, for Hongkong from Vancouver—Miss L. Levitt, Messrs. D. W. Craddock and M. C. Tso. From Kobe—Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Thomas, and Mr. I. W. C. From Shanghai—Messrs. E. P. Bingham, Bord Chen, A. Ross, W. Lambeth, F. P. Settling, Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Bothe, and Mr. and Mrs. Tung Kwong On.
Per *Devanha*, for Hongkong from London—Mr. and Mrs. Mayel, Capt. A. Jones, Mr. G. O. Weir, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Barnes, infant and baby, and Mr. J. M. Barnes. From Marcellus—L. A. Murray, Rev. G. Johnson, and Mr. J. A. Tong. From Bombay—Mr. S. C. Iwala. From Singapore—Mr. G. E. Foulker, and Mr. O. H. Hain.

Passengers departed.

Per *R. B.* for Manila—Mr. Schwager, Major and Mrs. J. J. O'Neil, Messrs. F. A. Chin, Wei, Chin Tin, L. K. Wang, Ah Shun and child, Mr. and Mrs. Wong Chan Tin and daughter, Mrs. MacChen Shi, Messrs. Mo Chia Fay, Wong Shin Yee, Lim Kio, Lim Chin Sang, Lim Chai Yen, Li Yee Chay, Lim Sang, Ho Poo, Mrs. Marie Gerda, Messrs. Yen Fu, Chan Yee, M. Laygey, Li Fu and W. H. Whitist, For Cuba—Mr. Chiao Paig.

VESSELS IN PORT.

STEAMERS.

Ship	From	Arrival
Olara Jensen	Ger. s.s. 1,103, J. Bendixen	20th Dec.
Dec.	Swatow 19th Dec.	Gen.—J. & Co.
Chiohwa	Br. s.s. 1,109, M. Benson	14th Dec.
Canton	13th Dec.	Gen.—B. & S.
Chiohwa	Br. s.s. 1,129, Ray	20th Dec.
Canton	19th Dec.	Gen.—B. & S.
Daljin Maru	Jap. s.s. 89, Y. Yamamoto	21st Dec.
Dec.	Swatow 20th Dec.	Gen.—O. S. K.
Haitan	Br. s.s. 1,183, J. W. Evans	21st Dec.
Dec.	Swatow 20th Dec.	Gen.—D. L. & Co.
Hilary	Ger. s.s. 1,175, R. Hatje	20th Dec.
Dec.	Java Port 9th Dec.	Sugar, C. J. L.
Kwong	Br. s.s. 1,228, Fluorick	17th Dec.
Dec.	Canton 16th Dec.	Gen.—B. & S.
Laertes	Br. s.s. 1,340, F. C. Hampton	10th Dec.
Dec.	Saloon 3rd Dec.	Rice—W. Fat Sing.
Lalsang	Br. s.s. 2,215, E. J. Tadd	18th Dec.
Dec.	Singapore 10th Dec.	Gen.—J. M. & Co.
Liang how	Br. s.s. 1,215, H. Harder	14th Dec.
Dec.	Canton 14th Dec.	Gen.—B. & S.
Loongsang	Br. s.s. 1,003, F. Wheeler	20th Dec.
Dec.	Canton 17th Dec.	Gen.—J. M. & Co.
Marie	Ger. s.s. 1,169, Christiansen	19th Dec.
Dec.	Saloon 13th Dec.	Rice and Flour—J. & Co.
Mausang	Br. s.s. 1,126, G. W. Weigall	21st Dec.
Dec.	Sandakan 14th Dec.	Timber—J. M. & Co.
Manchu Maru	Jap. s.s. 3,254, H. Yokota	20th Dec.
Dec.	Milne 14th Dec.	Coal—T. K. K.
Nippon Maru	Jap. s.s. 3,473, H. S. Smith	20th Dec.
Dec.	San Francisco 22nd Nov.	Mails and Gen.—T. K. K.
Paklat	Ger. s.s. 1,074, E. Gathmann	14th Dec.
Dec.	Bangkok and Hoibow 13th Dec.	Rice and Teakwood—B. & S.
Samson	Ger. s.s. 998, R. Petersen	9th Dec.
Dec.	Bangkok and Swatow 8th Dec.	Rice and Teakwood—B. & S.
Schuykili	Br. s.s. 2,343, Smith	20th Dec.
Dec.	New York 20th Dec.	and Haiphong 18th Dec.
Seaside	oil—S. O. & Co.	
Seaside	oil—S. O. & Co.	
Sexta	Ger. s.s. 904, Jensen	19th Dec.
Dec.	Haiphong 10th Dec.	Rice and Gen.—M. & Co.
Shanai	Br. s.s. 1,218, Pottinger	17th Dec.
Dec.	Swatow 14th Dec.	Balast—B. & S.
Singapore	Br. s.s. 1,047, F. Jamieson	20th Dec.
Dec.	Haiphong 18th Dec.	Gen.—B. & S.
Ta Ton	Br. s.s. 970, Solmichei	20th Dec.
Dec.	Wuhu 16th Dec.	Rice and Gen.—Chiohwa
Wing Sang	Br. s.s. 1,177, G. H. Lishman	21st Dec.
Dec.	Canton 20th Dec.	Rice—J. M. & Co.

SAILING VESSELS.

Ship	To	Departure
Juteopolis	Br. 4-masted barque, 5,531, Downes	10th Dec.
Canton	9th Dec.	Care Oil—S. O. & Co.
Earl of Teifor	Br. 2-masted schooner, 3,400	
Alex Currie	13th Dec.	Meji 6th Dec.
Coal	D. & Co.	

Ships Passed the Canal.

Ship	From	Arrival
18th Nov.	Achilles, Oceanic, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	

Ships Passed the Canal.

Ship	From	Arrival
18th Nov.	Achilles, Oceanic, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	

Ships Passed the Canal.

Ship	From	Arrival
18th Nov.	Achilles, Oceanic, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	

Ships Passed the Canal.

Ship	From	Arrival
18th Nov.	Achilles, Oceanic, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
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18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
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18th Nov.	Achilles, Oceanic, Silesia	
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18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
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18th Nov.	Achilles, Oceanic, Silesia	
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18th Nov.	Achilles, Oceanic, Silesia	
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18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	
18th Nov.	Princess, Silesia	

CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Month	Day	Bar.	Th. Hg.	Wind	Dir.	Force	Temp.	Humid.	Rainfall
December	21st	101.4	30.47	NE	0	b	59.8	87	0.0
December	22nd	101.4	30.47	NE	0	b	59.8	87	0.0
December	23rd	101.4	30.47	NE	0	b	59.8	87	0.0
December	24th	101.4	30.47	NE	0	b	59.8	87	0.0
December	25th	101.4	30.47	NE	0	b	59.8	87	0.0
December	26th	101.4	30.47	NE	0	b	59.8	87	0.0
December	27th	101.4	30.47	NE	0	b	59.8	87	0.0
December	28th	101.4	30.47	NE	0	b	59.8	87	0.0
December	29th	101.4	30.47	NE	0	b	59.8	87	0.0
December	30th	101.4	30.47	NE	0	b	59.8	87	0.0

VISITORS AT THE HOTELS.

Hotel	Guests
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.

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Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
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Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
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Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.

VISITORS AT THE HOTELS.

Hotel	Guests
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.
Anderson, C.	Mercer, M.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

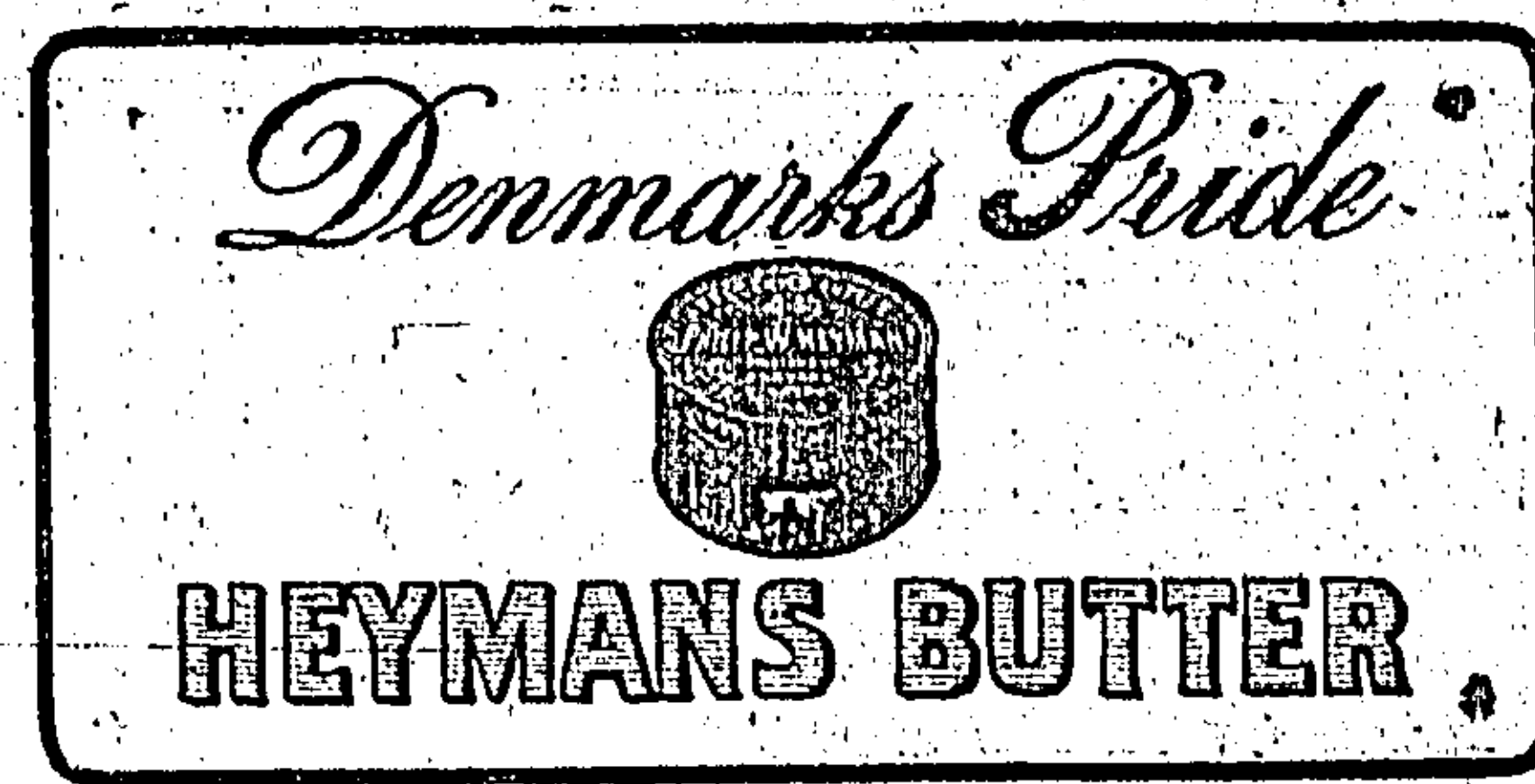
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SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Supplied by Messrs. R. S. KADOBIN & Co. Corrected to noon; later alterations given under "Commercial Intelligence," page 5.

STOCKS.	NO. OF SHARES.	VALUE.	PAID UP.	POSITION AS PER LAST REPORT		LAST DIVIDEND.	APPROXIMATE DIVIDEND AT PRESENT QUOTATION BASED ON LAST YEAR'S DIV.	CLOSING QUOTATIONS.
				RESERVE.	AT WORKING ACCOUNT			
BANKS.								
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	120,000	\$125	\$125	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$2,029,350	£2 for first half year ending 30.6.10 @ ex 1/16 = \$22.45	5 %	\$895 sellers \$867
National Bank of China, Limited	99,925	£7	£6	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$30,558	\$2 (London 2/6) for 1903	...	\$80 buyers
MARINE INSURANCES.								
Canton Insurance Office, Limited	10,000	\$250	\$50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	none	\$15 for 1909	2 1/2 %	\$185
North China Insurance Company, Limited	10,000	£15	£3	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 205,719	Final div. of 7 1/2 % for '09 making 15 % in all...	5 %	Tls. 125 sellers
Union Insurance Society of Canton, Limited	12,400	\$250	\$100	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$287,984	Final of \$20 per share, making in all \$50 per share for 1908 and an interim dividend of \$30 per share for 1909	...	\$87 1/2
Yangtze Insurance Association, Limited	12,000	\$100	\$50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$77,517	\$12 for year ending 31.12.08 and interim of \$3 on account of 1909	7 1/2 %	\$150
FIRE & GUARANTEES.								
China Fire Insurance Company, Limited	20,000	\$100	\$20	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$43,846	\$6 and bonus \$2 for 1908	7 %	\$116 buyers
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company, Limited	8,000	\$150	\$50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$425,218	\$27 for 1908	8 %	\$160
SHIPPING.								
China and Manila Steamship Company, Limited	30,000	\$25	\$25	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Dr. \$3,777	\$4 1/2 for 1906	...	\$8
Douglas Steamship Company, Limited	30,000	\$50	\$50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	NIL	\$1 for year ending 30.6.1908	...	\$20 sellers
Hongkong, Canton & Macao Steamboat Co., Ltd.	80,000	\$15	\$15	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$20,766	Dividend of \$1 1/2 for 30.6.10	8 1/2 %	\$30
Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. (Preferred)	60,000	£5	£5	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	15,161	{ 3 1/2 % on Preferred shares only for 1910 Final div. of 2 1/2 per share (comp. 14) making in all 4 1/2 per share for '09 & an int. div. of 1 1/2 per share on acc. for '10	...	\$56 sellers
Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. (Deferred)	60,000	£5	£5	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	15,161	{ 3 1/2 % on Preferred shares only for 1910 Final div. of 2 1/2 per share (comp. 14) making in all 4 1/2 per share for '09 & an int. div. of 1 1/2 per share on acc. for '10	5 %	\$1/- sellers
"Shell" Transport and Trading Company, Limited	1,000,000	£1	£1	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	1,129,994	{ A dividend of 7 1/2 % for yr. ending 30.4. 1910 & bonus of 5 %	8 1/2 %	\$12 1/2
"Star" Ferry Company, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$5	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$1,159			
REFINERIES.								
China Sugar Refining Company, Limited	20,000	\$100	\$100	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Dr. \$8,090	\$5 for half year ending 30.6. 1910	6 %	\$124
Luzon Sugar Refining Company, Limited	7,000	\$100	\$100	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Dr. \$125,898	\$3 for 1897	...	\$22 sellers
MINING.								
Chinese Engineering and Mining Company, Ltd.	1,000,000	£1	£1	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	£1,435	Final div. of 1 1/2 % for the year 1910 making 15 % (coupon No. 15)	9 %	Tls. 15 sellers
Headwaters Mining Company	60,000	Pa. 10	Pa. 10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	none	First year	...	Pa. 10
Raub Australian Gold Mining Company, Limited	150,000	£1	£1	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	none	\$2 per share 15th dividend	5 %	\$3 1/2
Oriental Consolidated Mining Co., Ltd.	500,000	£10	£10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	none	Final of Gold \$0.65 for 1909 in all G. \$1.15	...	\$5
Docks, Wharves & Godowns	18,000	\$25	\$25	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Dr. \$8,460	\$1.75 for year ending 31.12.05	...	\$5
Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd.	60,000	\$550	\$50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$264,847	\$2 1/2 for 1909	4 1/2 %	\$51 buyers
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company, Ltd.	50,000	\$50	\$50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$138,765	\$2 1/2 for half year ended 30.6. 1909	...	\$5 1/2
Shanghai Dock and Engineering Co., Ltd.	Tls. 55,700	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 4,851	Final of Tls. 3 1/2 making Tls. 6 in all for year 30.4. 1910	8 %	Tls. 67 1/2
Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Company, Limited	16,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 9,222	Interim of Tls. 3 for 1910	7 %	Tls. 95
LANDS, HOTELS & BUILDINGS.								
Anglo-French Land Investment Co., Ltd.	25,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 4,314	Tls. 6 for year ending 29.2.10	5 1/2 %	Tls. 97 sol. 100
Central Stores, Limited	50,123	\$15	\$15	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$24,044	\$3 for 1909	8 %	\$12 1/2 sellers
Hongkong Hotel Company, Limited	12,000	\$50	\$50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$21,777	\$3 on old shares \$1.50 on new shares for half year ending 30.6.10	6 %	\$28 buyers
Hongkong Land Investment and Agency Co., Ltd.	50,000	\$100	\$100	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$27,911	Interim of \$3 1/2 for 1909	7 %	\$35 sellers
Hampshire Estate & Finance Company, Limited	150,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$1,471	45 cents for 1909	6 %	\$6
Kowloon Land and Building Company, Limited	6,000	\$50	\$50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	none	\$2 1/2 for 1909	8 %	\$35 1/2
Shanghai Land Investment Company, Limited	78,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 62,969	Interim of Tls. 3 for 1910	6 1/2 %	Tls. 105 sellers
West Point Building Company, Limited	12,500	\$50	\$50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$1,958	Interim of \$1.80 for 1910	8 1/2 %	\$39 sales
COTTON MILLS.								
Two Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company, Ltd.	20,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 10,991	Tls. 11 for year ending 31.12.09	8 1/2 %	Tls. 85
Hongkong Cotton Spinning, Weaving and Dyeing Company, Limited	125,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$9,353	50 cents for year ending 31.7.08	...	\$4 1/2
International Cotton Manufacturing Company, Ltd.	10,000	Tls. 75	Tls. 75	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 8,172	Tls. 7 1/2 for year ending 30.9.09	10 %	Tls. 50
Leong-kung-mow Cotton Spinning & Weaving Co., Ltd.	8,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 4,829	Tls. 6 for 1909	10 %	Tls. 48 1/2
Soy Chee Cotton Spinning Company, Limited	5,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 14,172	Tls. 35 for 1909	17 1/2 %	Tls. 143 1/2
MISCELLANEOUS.								
Bell's Asbestos Eastern Agency, Limited	8,604	12 1/2	12 1/2	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	£648	15 % per share for 1909	...	28 sellers
China-Borneo Company, Limited	60,000	\$12	\$12	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	NIL	60 cents for 1909	6 1/2 %	\$9 1/2 sellers
China Light and Power Company, Limited	50,000	\$1	\$1	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$50,341	60 cents for year ended 28.2.06	...	95 cents buyers
China Do. Do. Special shares	50,000	\$1	\$1	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$50,341	80 cents for 1909	10 %	\$7 sales
China Provident Loan & Mortgage Company, Ltd.	125,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$1,890	\$1.20 for year ending 31.7.09	7 %	\$17 1/2
Dairy Farm Company, Limited	40,000	\$7 1/2	\$6	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$4,390	Interim of 15 cents per share for 1910	10 %	\$22 1/2 & 22 & 3
Green Island Cement Company, Limited	400,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$670	14 per cent. viz. \$1.40 for 1909	12 %	\$12 sellers
H. Price & Company, Limited	12,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$11,798	A dividend of \$1.20 per share and a bonus of 10 cents per share for year end. 28.2.10	6 %	\$20
Hongkong Electric Company, Limited	60,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$12,662	Interim of \$2 per share for 1910	...	\$125 sellers
Hongkong Ice Company, Limited	5,000	\$25	\$25	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$9,170	Interim of \$1 per share for 1910	...	\$18 sellers
Hongkong Roan Manufacturing Company, Ltd.	60,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 12,682	Interim of \$1 per share for 1910	5 %	Tls. 103
Mauchappell of Mijlo, Bosch & Landbouwerij	25,000	G. 5.10	G. 5.10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 12,682	all Tls. 2 1/2 for 1910	...	\$125 sellers
Peak Tramways Company, Limited	25,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$1,014	80 cents on fully paid shares and 8 cents on \$1 paid shares for year ending 30.4.10	11 1/2 %	\$14 sellers
Peak Tramways Company (new)	50,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Pa. 18,440	None	...	\$5
Philippine Company, Limited	75,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 11,820	No dividend this year	...	Tls. 105
Shanghai-Samui Tobacco Company, Limited	20,000	Tls. 20	Tls. 20	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 1,850	First year	...	\$36 sellers
Societe des Pulpes et Papeteries du Tonkin	13,200	50	50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	none	None	...	\$200 Hongkong currency
South China Morning Post, Limited	6,000	\$25	\$25	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Dr. \$11,095	None	...	\$25
Steam Laundry Company, Limited	20,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$17,055	10 % for year ending 31st May 1910	8 %	\$14 sales
Union Waterboat Company, Limited	50,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	none	60 cents for year ending 31.12.08	5 %	\$14 1/2
United Asbestos Oriental Agency, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$5	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$4,000	15 % per ordinary share for year ended 31.5.10	5 %	\$3 sellers
Watkins Limited	10,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$1,041	35 cents for 1909	...	\$5
Watson (A.S.) & Co., Limited	90,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$6,018	3 % for 1910	...	\$14 sales
William Powell, Limited	15,000	\$7	\$7	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$782	None	...	\$14 sales

Intimations



SIEMSEN & CO., Sole Agents.

49

LIFE WITHOUT HEALTH IS LIVING DEATH. VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD

This remarkable compound, the latest discovery of modern times, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve and brain power, whether induced by worry, overwork, dissipation, or other influences. It restores vitality, improves circulation, nervous dyspepsia, etc. or neuritis, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, want of confidence, general debility, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, loss of vitality, increasing dizziness, restlessness that can settle nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, backache, bearing down sensations, wasting diseases, consumption, night sweats, muddy, high-colored water, etc. are all so many different phases of brain and nerve weakness and exhaustion, the cause of by far the greater portion of the ills of this health, and dependency by which we are confronted on every hand, that can only be successfully combated by the use of this wonderful and highly scientific preparation. Drugging up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigor to those who had so recently seemed played out, used up and valueless. Bottles Price 2s. 6d.

WITHOUT PURE BLOOD HEALTH IS IMPOSSIBLE. VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equaled in all cases of poverty, impurity, or other impurities of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it introduced into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling disease, wherever and in whatever form met with, removing all blemishes, pimples, skin eruptions, scurvy, acidulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, etc. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, blood poison, dizziness, leprosy, psoriasis, bad legs, bad joints, skin diseases, ulcers, wounds, sores, gonorrhea or syphilis, etc. It improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption. Bottles Price 2s. 6d.

Send stamped addressed envelope for free booklet, or P.O. 2/6 for trial bottle of either remedy, to THE VETARZO REMEDIES CO., GOSPEL OAK, LONDON. Unprincipled vendors try to sell you something else for extra profit—do not accept it, but insist on having VETARZO. The genuine has the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" on Government Stamp.

VETARZO REMEDIES ARE SOLD BY BOOTHS, CASH CHEMISTS.

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FURNITURE WAREHOUSE
FURNITURE STORE

No. 39, DES VOUX ROAD CENTRAL.
The only Shop in Hongkong with this name

WHERE HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE
of every description can be made to
order in any design required.

Have been patronized by the Hongkong
Club, Hongkong Hotel, Telegraph Co.,
Messrs. A. S. Watson & Co., Firms and other
leading Establishments in the Colony, to
whom reference can be made as to the
Superior Workmanship and Materials of the
Furniture, etc., supplied.

Messrs. A. S. Watson & Co., Ltd., write as
follows:—
"We have pleasure in stating that Mr. LI
KWONG LOONG furnished the Annex to
our Dispensary and gave us every satis-
faction."

(Sd.) A. S. WATSON & Co.,
25th May, 1891.

ORDERS punctually attended to, and
CHARGES most moderate.

AN INSPECTION INVITED.
Hongkong, 5th Avenue, 1910.

KWONG FUNG YUEN, HEAD OFFICE—No. 83, Des Voux Road West

TIMBER YARDS—Kennedy Town.

TIMBER MERCHANTS,
SAW MILL OWNERS,
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GENERAL CONTRACTORS

TO
H.B.M. Naval and Military
Authorities.

HAVE always on hand large stock of
American Fir, Douglas Fir, Oregon
Pine, Teak, Yucca, Hardwoods, Oregon Spar
Chinese Spar, Chinese Pine of all descriptions
Inspection invited to the Yards.
Best Terms.
Quick delivery.

LEUNG TAI,
Managing Director.
Hongkong, 20th January, 1910.

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MOHIDEEN & CO., 38, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Hongkong, 14th November, 1910.